54	ate 's exhibits 39
DATE:	9/26/11

5	S EXHIBIT 40
DATE:	9-11-06

07/27/90

APPLICATION NO. 54020

		-
PROTESTED BY	DATE	
CITIZEN ALERT	07/16/90]
GEORGE ELDRIDGE & SONS, INC.	07/11/90	
LAS VEGAS FLY FISHING CLUB	07/11/90	
THE CITY OF CALIENTE	07/11/90	
U.S. GOVERNMENT, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	07/11/90	
EASTERN UNIT, NEVADA CATTLEMEN'S ASSOCIATION	07/10/90	
BIDART BROTHERS	07/09/90	
CUTLER, TARA	07/09/90	
FACKRELL, DONALD TERRY	07/09/90	
GUST, SALLY	07/09/90	
HARBECKE, ROBERT L. and FERN A.	07/09/90	
MANGUM, DENNIS	07/09/90	
MOAPA BAND OF PAIUTE INDIANS	07/09/90	W/D 4-14-06
NICHOLS, BOB	07/09/90	1
NICHOLS, JIM and BETTY	07/09/90	1
THE COUNTY OF WHITE PINE and THE CITY OF ELY	07/09/90	
U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE	07/09/90	-
WILLIAMS, PATRICIA	07/09/90] ,
COUNTY OF NYE	07/06/90	1
LINCOLN COUNTY, BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS	07/06/90	wf07-16-0€
ROUNTREE, WILLIAM R.	07/06/90	1 '
U.S. DEPT. OF INT., NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	07/06/90	
THE UNINCORPORATED TOWN OF PAHRUMP	07/05/90	1
THE OFFICE OF STATE OF THE STAT		1
		1 ·
	<u> </u>	i
	 	1
		1
	 	
		1
		-
	<u> </u>	}
	<u> </u>	-
		<u> </u>
		ļ
	<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>	1
	ļ	
	ļ	

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION		RECEIVED
NUMBER 54020))	JUL 12 1990
FILED BY the Las Vegas Valley Water District) PROTEST	Div. of Water Resources Branch Office: Les Yeges NY.
ON Oct 17, 1989 TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF Spring Valley))	
)	

Comes now <u>Citizen Alert</u> whose post office address is <u>P.O. Box 1681. Las Vegas. Nevada 89125.</u> whose occupation is <u>nonprofit.</u> community-based organization. State of <u>Nevada.</u> and protests the granting of Application Number <u>54020.</u> filed on <u>Oct. 17. 1989.</u> by the <u>Las Vegas Valley Water District</u> to appropriate the waters of <u>Spring Valley Basinsituated in White Pine County.</u> State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:

- 1. This application is one of 146 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of some 864,195 acre feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of the water needed to protect and enhance its environment, and the diversion will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- Valley lies downstream from the Great Basin National Park, and diversion of water here could result in drawdown of the water table in the Great Basin National Park, thus having a negative effect on migratory birds and the plant and animal species inhabiting and dependent on water resources in the National Park and the Spring Valley Basin, including some sensitive species and some species protected under the federal Endangered Species Act and related state statutes. On information and belief this would include but not be limited to the Spring Valley Pupfish, Pennell's Draba, Nevada Greasebush and Swamp Cedar.
 - 3. This application should be denied because the current per capita water consumption rate for the Las Vegas Valley Water District is double that of similarly situated southwestern municipalities. This suggests enormous potential for more cost-effective supply alternatives, including but not limited to demand management and effluent re-use. These alternatives have not been seriously studied by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.

- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, costs considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and a water resource plan(such as is required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water) for the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it, individually and together with the other applications of the water importation project, would:
- (a) Likely jeapordize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the federal Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
- (b) Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
- (c) Take or harm those those endangered or threatened species;
- (d) Interfere with the purpose for which the federal lands are managed under federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 6. The subject application seeks to develop water resources on and across lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained the necessary legal interest (e.g. right-of-way) in the federal land such that the applicant may extract, develop and transport water resources from the proposed point of diversion to the proposed point of use.
- 7. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the proposed project will exceed the safe yield of the Spring Valley Basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and creating air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, The Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of Nevada Revised Statutes.

- 8. The subject Application is deficient and should be denied. Insuficient data exists to support the Las Vegas Valley Water District's claim that such water exists. Upon information and belief there is not sufficient unappropriated water available in the Spring Valley Basin to provide the water being sought. Due to cyclical drought, and long term climatic change the water resource in this basin and all connecting basins is diminishing. Withdrawal in excess of perennial yield will cause a decline in the static water level beyond reasonable limits.
- 9. The subject Application should be denied because it is located near existing mines and others with pre-existing water rights and the water sought cannot be removed without detriment to current users.
- 10. The subject Application should be denied because it lies within the boundaries of land covered by the Treaty of Ruby Valley of 1863. Land claims under this Treaty are currently under litigation in federal court. On information and belief granting or approving Application Number 54020 would conflict with the prior and paramount reserved water rights of the Western Shoshone Tribes subject to the Treaty of Ruby Valley and Federal Statutes affecting aboriginal peoples of the United States.
- 11. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the proposed project will encourage and enable the continued uncontrolled population growth in the Las Vegas Valley. The Las Vegas valley is a desert valley, surrounded by mountains, inhabited by the endangered species, the Desert Tortoise, and already has existing air quality, traffic and crime problems. Uncontrolled growth will result in overcrowding, thus exacerbating existing problems. The air quality already violates federal standards from the Clean Air Act, and will worsen as vehicle miles increase. The subject Application should be denied because it is not in the public interest of those who live in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 12. Inasmuch as a water extraction and transbasin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse effects without further information and study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they may develop as a result of further information and study.
- 13. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as his own, each and every other protest to the subject application filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.

THEREFORE the protes	stant requests the the application be
	be entered for such relief as the State
Engineer deems just and p	
	Signed Chipph a. Brown
	Christopher A. Brown
6	Address 2014 Crawford Street, Apt. 1
	North Las Vegas, NV 89030
	Phone 648-8982
Subscribed and sworn befo	ore me this $12^{1/2}$ day of 940
My Commission Expires /~/	5-93 Sugarte B. Booth
NOTARY PUBLIC	Notary Public
STATE OF NEVADA County of Clark	State of Nevada
Juanita B. Booth	County of Clark
My Appointment Engines Jan. 15, 1669	TOWNS, OF STRIN

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE. ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN <u>ORIGINAL</u> SIGNATURE.

In the Matter of Application Number540;	20			
	<u>ευ</u> ,			
FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District				
ON October 17 , 1989, TO APPROPRIATE	3	PROTEST		
WATERS OF Underground Sources				
STREET COMMAND				
Comes now Richard W. Forman	. Agent for	George Eldridge	& Sons, Inc.	
whose post office address is S.R. 1, Box 42, E	ly, Nevada	89301		
whose occupation is Ranching Corporation	Street No. or P. C.		and protests the g	ranting
of Application Number 54020	, filed o			_
by the Las Vegas Valley Water District			to appropr	
Printed or typed m				INC UN
Waters of Underground Sources Underground or none of stream, lake, spring or other	Marca	situated in	white Pine	
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and	on the follow	ing grounds, to wit:		
			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			,	
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the				
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the	application be	DENIED Outled, lowest subject to	prior rights, etc., an the case may be)	
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the and that an order be entered for such relief as the State	application be	DENIED Outled, lowest subject to	prior rights, etc., as the case may bu)	
	application be	DENIED Outled, lowest subject to	prior rights, etc., as the case may be)	
	application be Engineer deen	DENIED Outled, lowest subject to	Jonn Hard	
	application be Engineer deen Signed	DENIED Challed, insued religion to as just and proper. Agent or prot Richard W. Fort	man. Agent	
	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address	DENIED (Denied, insuest relation to as just and proper. Agent or prote Richard W. Fort Printed or typed as P. O. Box 150 Street No. or 1	man. Agent me, if spent	
	application be Engineer deen Signed	DENIED (Denied, insued related to us just and proper. Agent or prote Printed or typed as P. O. Box 150 Street No. or Elv. Nevada 893	man. Agent me, if spent	
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address	DENIED (Denied, insued related to us just and proper. Agent or prote Printed or typed as P. O. Box 150 Street No. or Elv. Nevada 893	man. Agent me, if spent P. O. Box No.	
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address	DENIED (Denied, insued related to us just and proper. Agent or prote Printed or typed as P. O. Box 150 Street No. or Elv. Nevada 893	man. Agent me, if spent P. O. Box No.	
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Subscribed and sworn to before me this	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address Address	DENIED (Dunled, beauerd relation) to as just and proper. Agent or problem of the proper of the problem of the	man. Agent me, if seent P. O. Box No. Oli Elip Cede No.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this RENEE E. KNUTSON Notary Public - State of Nevada	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address Address	DENIED (Dunled, beauerd relation) to as just and proper. Agent or problem of the proper of the problem of the	man. Agent me, if seent P. O. Box No. Oli Elip Cede No.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	application be Engineer deen Signed Name Address Address	DENIED (Dunled, beauerd relation) to as just and proper. Agent or problem of the proper of the problem of the	man. Agent me, if seent P. O. Box No. Oli Elip Cede No.	

- The granting of this application, in conjunction with any other applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District in this basin, will impair, conflict and interfere with all existing water rights, sources and uses.
- If granted, the allocation of ALL unappropriated waters in this ground water basin would adversely affect all agricultural operations, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. It will adversely affect the economic welfare of all farms and ranches.
 - b. It will destroy the environmental balance by eliminating the natural surface moistures and reducing the humidity levels which creates the natural growing environment of the surrounding areas, thereby destroying the grazing lands, wetlands and farm lands.
 - c. It will halt all potential agricultural growth.
 - d. It will destroy each agricultural operation because they will be unable to continue to operate or expand.
- 3. Eastern Nevada has had severe drought conditions for the past three (3) years which has created the following hardships on all cattlemen:
 - The grazing areas do not have sufficient feed to support the cattle.
 - b. The surface waters are insufficient for irrigation and stockwatering.
 - c. The water tables are lowering making it very difficult and expensive to pump any water.
 - d. The cattlemen will have to cut their herds, which affects the economic welfare of everyone within the State of Nevada, especially the surrounding communities.

If the drought creates this many hardships, the continual removal of the periennial yield by the Las Vegas Valley Water District WILL destroy all ranching operations as well as the whole environment of each basin.

- 4. There are different flow systems that underlie the State of Nevada. "These flow systems link the ground water beneath many of the hydrolgic basins over distances greater than 200 miles. The implications of this linkage are immense. While the water taken from a basin may be within the perennial yield of that basin, areas as far away as 200 miles may experience drawdown, and the negative impacts associated with this phenomenon (Intertech Consultants, Inc. 1990).
- Clark County must grow only within the limits of their natural resources or the environmental and socioeconomic balance of the State of Nevada will be destroyed.
- 6. The State Engineer must consider all of the future environmental and socioeconomic ramifications of the trans-basin transfer of ground waters in order to protect the State of Nevada by not allowing these transfers.
- 7. The State Engineer has a responsibility to all of the people of Nevada and must consider all adverse affects which the granting of these applications will have on all areas in the State of Nevada.

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or barm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- O. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works:
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives
 of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD
 service area.
- The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

STATE ENGINEERS GEFFFF

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 Valley FILED BY LAS VEGAS WATER DISTRICT ON OCT (7 1959, TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF Spring Valley Basin	PROTEST JUL 0 6 1990
whose occupation is NON-PROFIT EDUCATION	er Ct. Las Vegas, NV 89117 Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code AND CONSEPVATION GROW, and protests the granting OCT 17, 1989 RICT to appropriate the ASIM situated in White Pike other source
SEE ATTACHEO	a on the following grounds, to wit:
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the applic	(Denied, issued subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
Signed JA: Addres	Agent or protestant Agent or protestant KES E. WATKINS President Laskagas Printed or typed name, if agent Fly Fishing Club
Subscribed and sworn to before me this. Cay State of the county of the	Notary Public Tof Llack

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.

ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

AND INCOME AND

PROTEST

, 🔥 1

The Las Vegas Fly Fishing Club protests water rights application number 54020, in White Pine County, Nevada, Spring Valley Basin, filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District. The water rights should be denied based on the following provisions.

- 1. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and existing uses in the Virgin River Basin will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use in this magnitude will sanction water mining and lower the static water level which will degrade the **quadity** and quality of water in the Spring Valley Wash which will effect the reservoir and streams of Great Basin National Park, Echo Canyon Reservoir, Eagle Valley Reservoir, and Schroeder Reservoir.
- 2. This application is one of the applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriations of over 800,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of water needed to protect and enhance its environment and economic well being, and the diversion will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the state holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 3. In the cumulative areas being protested, the Las Vegas Fly Fishing Club has contributed in excess of \$150,000. through volunteer time and personal expenses; club funds; Southwest Council, Federation of Fly Fishers funds; and private donations of materials to improve fish and related habitat in the affected areas. This was done for the public interest and to protect the fragile water resources in the effected areas. The Las Vegas Valley water District's mining of these resources will negate the recreational and fish habitat benefits provided through these voluntary contributions under Nevada Department of Wildlife directed projects.
- 4. In a report dated June 7,1990, the Reno Field Station of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service listed species as Endangered or Threatened and four species as candidates for Endangered or Threatened status. The endangerment or threat caused by degrading the water quality and/or quantity of this basin will extend the threat to any species that depends on the existent habitat. Therefore, no additional water can be mined from the area.

- 5. The granting or approving of the subject application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, cost considerations, socio-economic considerations, and a water resource plan (such as required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water) for the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above referenced application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it, individually and together with the other applications of the Las Vegas Valley Water District importation project, would:
- a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the federal Endangered Species Act and related state statutes. Two species of trout have become extinct and four other species of trout are candidates for extinction in the state of Nevada. The public interest will not be served if the state allows any more species of fish to become extinct.
- Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those Threatened or Endangered species.
- c. Take or harm those Threatened or Endangered species.
- The approval of subject application will sanction and encourage the willful waste of water that has been allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District. For example, in March of 1990, vandals tampered with an automatic watering system in the green belt between Crane Lake and Swan River roads on Lake North Drive in the Las Vegas subdivision known as the Lakes. The damage included broken valves and sprinklers which were seen and reported to the Las Vegas Valley Water District on Friday night. The Las Vegas Valley Water District representative at the emergency phone number said that the water in the area was not their responsibility and they did not know who to call. The person reporting the damage made several other unsuccessful attempts to get help. The water ran unchecked into the street for 62 hours until Monday morning. It was apparent from the response that even though technically the water district was not involved, their lack of concern and failure to take any action demonstrated their policy towards waste of water.

- 8. The above referenced water rights, individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water import project, will perpetuate and may increase the inefficient use of water and frustrate efforts at water demand management in the in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 9. Previous and current conservation programs instituted by the Las Vegas Valley Water district are ineffective public relations-oriented efforts that are unlikely to achieve substantial water savings. Public policy and public interest considerations should preclude the negative environmental and socio-economic consequences of the proposed transfer of water resources on areas of origin when the potential water importer has failed to make a good-faith effort to efficiently use currently available supplies.
- 10. Therefore, The Las Vegas Fly Fishing Club, on behalf of the public good of all Nevada citizens and on behalf of the disastrous consequences on fish habitat that approval would have, requests that the above referenced water rights application be denied and that the order be entered by the state engineer to protect this water resource in perpetuity from water rights applications not in the public interest and detrimental to sound conservation practices. In addition, The Las Vegas Fly Fishing Club incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned application filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.

1773 1773 1787

=

• •

In the Matter of Application Number 54020, Filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District on October 17, 1989, to appropriate the waters of White Pine County.

PROTEST

Comes now THE CITY OF CALIENTE whose post office address is POST OFFICE BOX 158, CALIENTE, NEVADA 89008 whose occupation is MUNICIPALITY/WATER PURVEYOR, and protest the granting of Application Number 54020, filed on October 17, 1989 by the Las Vegas Valley Water District to appropriate the waters of underground situated in White Pine County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:

(See Attachment)

THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application be DENIED and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Engineer deems just and proper.

Signed

George T. Rowe, Mayor

Address P.O

P.O. Box 158

Caliente, Nevada 89008

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

9th

<u>uly</u>, 1990.

State of Nevada

County of Lincoln

NONA D. PRINCE
Notary Public State of Nevada
County of Lincoln-Nevada
Comm. Exp.
9/13/92

4

APPLICATION NO. 54020

LIST OF REASONS TO PROTEST THE LAS VEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT APPLICATIONS TO APPROPRIATE GROUND AND SURFACE WATER FROM CENTRAL, EASTERN AND SOUTHERN NEVADA

- 1. This Application is one of 145 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate 804,195 acre feet of ground water primarily for municipal use within Clark County. Diversion and export of such quantity of water will: lower the static water level in Spring Valley Basin; adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water; and further threaten springs, seeps and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife and grazing livestock.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and existing uses in the Spring Valley Basin will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will: lower the static water level and degrade the quality of water from existing wells and cause negative hydraulic gradient influences as well as other negative impacts.
- 3. This Application is one of 146 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of some 864,195 acre feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of the water needed to protect and enhance its environment and economic well being, and the diversion will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, cost considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and a water resource plan (such as is required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water) for the Las Vegas Valley Water District Service area is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would conflict with or tend to impair existing rights in the Spring Valley Basin because if granted it would exceed the safe yield of the subject basin and unreasonably lower the static water level and sanction water mining.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it, individually and together with the other applications of the water importation project, would:
 - (a) Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered

and threatened species recognized under the federal Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;

- (b) Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
- (c) Take or harm those endangered or threatened species; and
- (d) Interfere with the purpose for which the federal lands are managed under federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 7. The approval of the subject application will sanction and encourage the willful waste of water that has been allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 8. The subject Application seeks to develop and transport water resources on and across lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained necessary legal interest (e.g., right-of-way) in the federal land such that the applicant may extract, develop and transport water resources from the proposed point of diversion to the proposed place of use.
- 9. The Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water importation project will perpetuate and may increase the inefficient use of water in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area and frustrate efforts at water demand management in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 10. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability for developing and transporting water under the subject permit which is a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use.
- 11. The above-referenced Application should be denied because it fails to include the statutorily required:
 - (a) Description of the place of use;
 - (b) Description of the proposed works;
 - (c) The estimated cost of such works; and
 - (d) The estimated time required to put the subject water to beneficial use.
- 12. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the proposed project will exceed the safe yield of the Spring Valley Basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and creating air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal

Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

- 13. The Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to safeguard the public interest properly. The adverse effects of this Application and related applications associated with the proposed water appropriation and transportation project (largest appropriation of ground water in the history of the State of Nevada) cannot properly be evaluated without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - (a) cumulative impacts of the proposed extraction;
 - (b) mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extraction;
 - (c) alternatives to the proposed extraction, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and aggressive implementation of all proven and cost-effective water demand management strategies.
- 14. The subject application should be denied because the population projects upon which the water demand projections are based are unrealistic and ignore numerous constraints to growth, including traffic congestion, increased costs of infrastructure and services, degraded air quality, etc.
- 15. The subject application should be denied because previous and current conservation programs instituted by the Las Vegas Valley Water District are ineffective public-relations oriented efforts that are unlikely to achieve substantial water savings. Public policy and public interest considerations should preclude the negative environmental and socio-economic consequences of the proposed transfers on areas of origin when the potential water importer has failed to make a good-faith effort to efficiently use currently available supplies.
- 16. The subject Application should be denied because the enormous costs of the project will result in water rate increases of such magnitude that demand will be substantially reduced, thereby rendering the water transfer unnecessary.
- 17. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental tot he public interest and not made in good faith since it would allow the Las Vegas Valley Water District to lock up vital water resources for possible use sometime in the distant future beyond current planning horizons.
- 18. The subject Application should be denied because current and developing trends in housing, landscaping, national plumbing fixture standards and demographic patterns all suggest that the simplistic water demand forecasts upon which the proposed transfers are based substantially overstate future water demand needs.

- 19. The subject application should be denied because the current per capita water consumption rate for the Las Vegas Valley Water District is double that of similarly situated southwestern municipalities. This suggests enormous potential for more cost-effective supply alternatives, including demand management and effluent re-use. These alternatives have not been seriously considered by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 20. Inasmuch as a water extraction and transbasin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further information and study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they may develop as a result of further information and study.
- 21. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the subject application filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020	
Filed by Las Vegas Valley Water District	
ON October 17, 19 89, TO APPROPRIATE THE	PROTEST
WATERS OF Underground Well	
WAIERS OF	1
Comes now U.S. Government, Bureau of La	and Management
whose post office address is Star Route 5, Box 1, 1	21y, Nevada 89301
whose occupation is Land Management Agency	t No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code
of Application Number	October 17, 19 89
by Las Vegas Valley Water District	
Underground Source (Well) Printed or typed name of ap	pikant United Pine
Underground or name of aream, take, spring or other	pikant to appropriate the White Pine situated in White Pine
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and o	on the following grounds, to wit:
See Attachment for Application #5402	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
M 1444	
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the applicati	on be DENIED
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State I	(Denied, issued subject to prior eights, etc., as the case may be)
To see the State	Engineer deems just and proper.
Signed	Keunt S. Walk
Ken	neth G. Walker, District Manager
Address	Printed or typed name, if Agent SR 5, Box 1
routess	Street No. or P.O. Box No. Ely, Nevada 89301
	City. State and Zip Code No.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of	July 90
,	
1300	Jai E Core Notary Bublic
State of	Merada Public
Many Public Some of Assess	White Pins
Appl Em Fol C 100	

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST, PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE, ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

2414 (Merined & 80)

0-3011

ATTACHMENT FOR FILING #54020

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM), United States Department of the Interior has been directed by Congress through law to protect and manage certain public lands of the Unites States. Specifically, Congress instructed the BLM in the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) "...that management be on the basis of multiple use and sustained yield...public lands be managed in a manner that will protect the quality of scientific, scenic, historical, ecological, environmental, air and atmospheric, water resource, and archeological values; that, where appropriate, will preserve and protect certain public lands in their natural condition; that will provide food and habitat for fish and wildlife and domestic animals; and that will provide for outdoor recreation and human occupancy and use..."

The multiple uses mentioned in FLPMA include, but are not limited, to recreation, range, timber, minerals, watershed, wildlife and fish, and natural scenic, scientific and historical values.

In addition to FLRMA, the Taylor Grazing Act, The Recreation and Public Purposes Act, The Wild and Free Roaming Horse and Burro Act, The Endangered Species Act, The Public Rangelands Improvement Act, The Water Resources Act, and various other laws give the BLM the authority to manage the public lands and their various resources so that they are utilized in the combination that will best meet the present and future needs of the American people.

The application of the Las Vegas Valley Water District (LVVWD) to the State Engineer of Nevada to appropriate water on BLM administered land, if approved, will prove to be detrimental to the public interest by eliminating the capability to fulfill the legislated management responsibilities and is being protested under NRS 533.365.

SPECIFIC IMPACTS FROM APPLICATION #54020

There are twenty eight (28) waters that will be impacted if this application is granted and results in the lowering of the water table which will eliminate available watering sources within the well field. The demand which the BLM has recognized on these waters where the BLM has a responsibility to manage is: 1) 361 ALMs for deer, 2) 143 ALMs for antelope, 3), 14 ALMs for elk, and 11 ALMs for bighorn. The total ALM demand is 529.

Of these 28 waters deer use 12, antelope use 26, elk use 14, bighorn use 7, sage grouse use 5, chuckar use 12 and blue grouse use 1. In addition this application will adversely effect the habitat for two candidate T/E (Category 2) species. This includes nest sites for 15 ferruginous hawks and Bonneville cutthroat trout in Willard and Pine-Ridge Creeks. The ability of the BLM to meet this demand will be impaired by the granting of an appropriation to LVVWD; therefore, it threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.

CUMULATIVE AFFECTS OF APPLICATION #54020

- 1. Application number 54020 in conjunction with applications 54003, 54004, 54005, 54006, 54007, 54008, 54009, 54010, 54011, 54013, 54014, 54015, 54016, 54017, 54018, 54019, 54012, and 54021 will withdraw 91,218 acre feet (AF) of water if pumping occurs at the rates applied for, 24 hours per day, 365 days per year. This withdrawal rate is 14,218 AF per year more than occurs through natural recharge from precipitation and inflow from the Antelope Valley hydrographic area (Harrill 1988). According to Dettinger (1989) the perennial yield of an aquifer is the quantity of water which can be extracted for use each year without depleting the groundwater reservoir. The perennial yield is no greater than the total rate of flow through the aquifer and is probably less (Dettinger 1989). Because more water will be withdrawn from the Spring Valley hydrographic area than is recharged ,a slow but continuous decline in groundwater levels will occur. Also, groundwater withdrawal from the Spring Valley hydrographic area that exceeds natural recharge will preclude the underground flow of 4,000 AF per year from the Spring Valley hydrographic area to the Snake Valley hydrographic area (Upper Hamblin Valley). Numerous large artisan springs are found in upper Hamblin Valley (Hood and Rush 1965, Pupacko et al. 1989) and elimination of the 4,000 AF flow from Spring Valley to Hamblin Valley will, at the minimum, result in decreased flows, and may dry up the springs entirely. Because of these impacts and others not identifiable at this time, this application threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 2. Application 54020 in conjunction with applications 54005, 54010, 54009, 54012, 54013, 54014, 54015, 54016, 54017, 54018, 54019, 54012, and 54021 is positioned within the fringe of or just outside of a phreatic zone. The point of diversion of application 54020 allows the Las Vegas Valley Water District to obtain groundwater before it flows into the underground reservoir and is transpired by the phreatic vegetation. Phreatic vegetation is present on about 325,000 acres of bottomland in Spring Valley. Groundwater modeling in Spring Valley for the White Pine Power Project Environmental Impact Statement indicates that removal of 25,000 AF of groundwater per year for 36 years will cause a general drawdown of up to 40 feet throughout a large portion of Spring Valley. Drawdown at individual points of diversion would be as great as 240 feet. The proposed withdrawal by the Las Vegas Valley Water District is substantially greater than 25,000 AF, therefore, the potential cumulative and specific well drawdowns will be substantially greater. Groundwater withdrawal of this magnitude, both at individual points of diversion and cumulative from all the points of diversion mentioned above will lower the water table below the rooting zone of the phreatic vegetation. Soils in the basin floor of Spring Valley are very alkaline; therefore, little or no vegetation will replace the salt tolerant phreatophytes. Desertification will reduce the forage and habitat base for livestock and wildlife. Also, the aesthetic and biologic quality of the air resource will decline because desertification increases airborne particulates. Acute problems will occur during periods of high winds. Because of these impacts and others not identifiable at this time, this application threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 3. The cumulative impact of application 54020 in conjunction with the applications mentioned in the above paragraphs will have a negative impact on the Pahrump Killifish, an endangered species found in the Shoshone Ponds. According to the White Pine Power Project Environmental Impact Statement withdrawing only 25,000 AF of water per year from Spring Valley could decrease

withdrawing only 25,000 AF of water per year from Spring Valley could decrease the water temperature in the ponds to less than optimum during the winter and spring months. It is believed that decreased water flows, because of extensive withdrawal, and cold atmospheric temperatures during the winter months will work together to drop the water temperature below the optimum level needed for survival of the Killifish. The aforementioned EIS also states that the United States Fish and Wildlife Service believes that pumping 25,000 AF of groundwater per year in Spring Valley will jeopardize the continued existence of the Pahrump Killifish. Because of these impacts and others not identifiable at this time, this application threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MANDATORY

At this time, there is insufficient information available to completely analyze and determine the full impacts to the various resources that the BLM is responsible to protect and manage. The actual impacts of the pumping of this well in conjunction with the cumulative impacts of the Las Vegas Valley Water Districts' other proposed wells cannot be fully determined until sufficient data has been collected and analyzed.

We, therefore, protest the granting of the water appropriation because neither the State Engineer nor the Las Vegas Valley Water District (LVWD) has prepared an analysis of all anticipated impacts associated with LVWD's applications. If an analysis has been done, it has not been made available to the public and affected parties, and the failure to do so is not in the public interest as per NRS 533.370.3. Because it is impossible to anticipate all impacts at this time, the BLM reserves the right to amend this protest as other issues develop and as additional studies provide further information.

The Bureau is preparing notices of PWRs within the area of protest. These notices will be based only on the needs appropriate under PWR-107 and will be sent to the State Water Engineer over the next several months prior to adjudication.

In the Matter of Application Number 54020	-
FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District,	
ON October 17 , 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE	} PROTEST
Waters ofUnderground Sources	
Onder ground Sources	
Comes now Marcia Forman, agent for Ex	astern Unit. Nevada Cattlemen's Association
whose post office address is P. O. Box 1077, McGill	l. Nevada 89318
whose occupation is <u>Ranching Private Land Owner</u>	No. or P. O. Box, City, State and Zip Code S. and Grazing Permittees and protests the granting
	, filed on October 17 , 19 89
by the Las Vegas Valley Water District	to appropriate the
Waters of Underground Sources Underground in manu of stream, bite, spring or other source	situated in White Pine
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on th	e following grounds, to wit:
Please See Attachments	
Thase See Attachillents	
) <u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
THEREEODE the protection of the state of the	
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application	(Dealed, lessed subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Engine	eer deems just and proper.
	$(m - \alpha)$
Sign	d Marcial Horman
Nam	Marcia Forman, Agent
Add	Printed or typed rame, if agent
Add	P. O. Box 150 Street No. or 7. O. Box No.
Addı	ress Elv. Nevada 89301 City, State and Zip Code No.
.Ch	•
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of	<u>July</u> , 19 <u>90</u> .
	B CK
RENEE E. KNUTSON	Janes Toputton
Notary Public - State of Nevada State	of Nevada
Appointment Recorded in White Pine County	
COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	ty of White Pine

- The granting of this application, in conjunction with any other applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District in this basin, will impair, conflict and interfere with all existing water rights, sources and uses.
- If granted, the allocation of ALL unappropriated waters in this ground water basin would adversely affect all agricultural operations, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. It will adversely affect the economic welfare of all farms and ranches.
 - b. It will destroy the environmental balance by eliminating the natural surface moistures and reducing the humidity levels which creates the natural growing environment of the surrounding areas, thereby destroying the grazing lands, wetlands and farm lands.
 - c. It will halt all potential agricultural growth.
 - d. It will destroy each agricultural operation because they will be unable to continue to operate or expand.
- Eastern Nevada has had severe drought conditions for the past three (3) years which has created the following hardships on all cattlemen:
 - a. The grazing areas do not have sufficient feed to support the cattle.
 - b. The surface waters are insufficient for irrigation and stockwatering.
 - c. The water tables are lowering making it very difficult and expensive to pump any water.
 - d. The cattlemen will have to cut their herds, which affects the economic welfare of everyone within the State of Nevada, especially the surrounding communities.

If the drought creates this many hardships, the continual removal of the periennial yield by the Las Vegas Valley Water District WILL destroy all ranching operations as well as the whole environment of each basin.

- 4. There are different flow systems that underlie the State of Nevada. "These flow systems link the ground water beneath many of the hydrolgic basins over distances greater than 200 miles. The implications of this linkage are immense. While the water taken from a basin may be within the perennial yield of that basin, areas as far away as 200 miles may experience drawdown, and the negative impacts associated with this phenomenon (Intertech Consultants, Inc. 1990).
- Clark County must grow only within the limits of their natural resources or the environmental and socioeconomic balance of the State of Nevada will be destroyed.
- 6. The State Engineer must consider all of the future environmental and socioeconomic ramifications of the trans-basin transfer of ground waters in order to protect the State of Nevada by not allowing these transfers.
- 7. The State Engineer has a responsibility to all of the people of Nevada and must consider all adverse affects which the granting of these applications will have on all areas in the State of Nevada.

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 8. The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives
 of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD
 service area.
- The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

<u>1020 </u> ,			
<u>ct,</u>			
PR TE THE	OTEST		
<u> </u>			
agent for Bidart Br	others		
		mia 93308	
Street No. er P. Q. Box, Ch	y, Sinte and Zip Code		ts the grantin
, filed on	October	<u> </u>	_
••	cituated in		
		Tyline I in	
and on the following g	rounds, to Wit:		
he application be	DENIED Detici, based subject to	arter rights, etc., as the case	may be)
he application be	•	prior rights, etc., as the case t	may be)
	•	prior rights, sic., sa the case i	rray bo)
Signed Signed	arcia Forman,	Som.	may bu)
Signed Mame M	t and proper. Agail or prot Agail	Some Agent Ma, if agent	oney ba)
Signed	Agail or profession of the pro	Agent une, if agent F. O. Box No.	may be)
Signed M Address P	Agail or profession of the pro	Agent Sea, Yegani F. O. Box No.	may bel
Signed M Address P	Agail or profession of the pro	Agent Sea, Yegani F. O. Box No.	may bo)
Name M Address P	Agail or profession of the pro	Agent Mag. If agent P. O. Box No. 301 d Zip Cade No.	may be)
Signed	Agail or profession of the pro	Agent Agent Ino. If agent F. O. Box No. 301 a Zip Cade No. 19 90 Mutton	may ba)
	TE THE agent for Bidart Bro Printed or typed name of protein andard Road, Bake: Street No. or P. O. Box, Or, filed on	PROTEST TE THE agent for Bidart Brothers Printed or typed name of protestant andard Road, Bakersfield, Califor Street No. or P. O. Box, City, Sinto and 23p Code	PROTEST TE THE agent for Bidart Brothers Printed or typed name of protesinat andard Road, Bakersfield, California 93308 Street No. or P. O. Box, City, Sante and Zip Code and protes

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE. ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN $\underline{\text{ORIGINAL}}$ SIGNATURE

سېل

- The granting of this application, in conjunction with any other applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District in this basin, will impair, conflict and interfere with all existing water rights, sources and uses.
- 2. If granted, the allocation of ALL unappropriated waters in this ground water basin would adversely affect all agricultural operations, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. It will adversely affect the economic welfare of all farms and ranches.
 - b. It will destroy the environmental balance by eliminating the natural surface moistures and reducing the humidity levels which creates the natural growing environment of the surrounding areas, thereby destroying the grazing lands, wetlands and farm lands.
 - c. It will halt all potential agricultural growth.
 - d. It will destroy each agricultural operation because they will be unable to continue to operate or expand.
- Eastern Nevada has had severe drought conditions for the past three (3) years which has created the following hardships on all cattlemen:
 - a. The grazing areas do not have sufficient feed to support the cattle.
 - The surface waters are insufficient for irrigation and stockwatering.
 - c. The water tables are lowering making it very difficult and expensive to pump any water.
 - d. The cattlemen will have to cut their herds, which affects the economic welfare of everyone within the State of Nevada, especially the surrounding communities.

If the drought creates this many hardships, the continual removal of the periennial yield by the Las Vegas Valley Water District WILL destroy all ranching operations as well as the whole environment of each basin.

- 4. There are different flow systems that underlie the State of Nevada. "These flow systems link the ground water beneath many of the hydrolgic basins over distances greater than 200 miles. The implications of this linkage are immense. While the water taken from a basin may be within the perennial yield of that basin, areas as far away as 200 miles may experience drawdown, and the negative impacts associated with this phenomenon (Intertech Consultants, Inc. 1990).
- Clark County must grow only within the limits of their natural resources or the environmental and socioeconomic balance of the State of Nevada will be destroyed.
- 6. The State Engineer must consider all of the future environmental and socioeconomic ramifications of the trans-basin transfer of ground waters in order to protect the State of Nevada by not allowing these transfers.
- 7. The State Engineer has a responsibility to all of the people of Nevada and must consider all adverse affects which the granting of these applications will have on all areas in the State of Nevada.

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the
 public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water
 exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Burcau of Land Management. 2This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Vailey Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works:
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

in 170 ZABBNIONB BTATA

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District PROTEST
ON OCTOBER 17 1989 TO APPROPRIATE THE
WATERS OF Underground
Comes now
whose post office address is P.O. BOX 657 Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code whose occupation is STUDENT, and protests the granting
of Application Number 5402 filed on October 17 1989
byLas Vegas Valley Water District
Printed or typed name of applicant Underground Underground Underground or name of aream, lake, appring or other source
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:
SEE ATTACHED
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application be
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Engineer deems just and proper.
Signed Twa Cuttor
Agent or professions TARA CUTLER
Printed or typed name, if agent Address P.O. BOX 657
Street No. or P.O. Box Nu. ELY, NEVADA 89301
City, State and Zip Code No.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this Q day of All 1990
CAROL NORCROSS YLAHOS Notary Public - State of Mevade White Pine County - Nevada Appt. Exp. Jen. 9, 1994
County of While Time

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST, PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE, ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

2

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the
 public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water
 exploration project would:
 - Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Burcau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

27 to 23

- The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives
 of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD
 service area
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS \$33.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District ON October 17 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF Underground	PROTEST
	Ed or typed name of protestant
	TH. NEVADA 89319 net No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code
	and protests the granting
	October 17 , 1989
Printed or typed name of a	
waters of Underground Underground or name of stream, take, spring or oil	situated in White Pine County
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and	on the following grounds, to wit:
SEE ATTACHED	

THEREFORE the protestant requests that the applicat	ion be Denied
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State	(Denied, issued Subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
and that an order be entered for such rener as the state	Market Steels sparker
Signed	Agent or protessant
	ONALD TERRY FACKRELL Printed or typed name, if agent
Address	P.O. BOX 454 Sireci No. or P.O. Boa No.
	RUTH, NEVADA 89319
	City. State and Zip Code No.
Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday o	Qub. 1.90
Subscribed and sworn to before me thisse	Description 100 description
CAROL NORCROSS VLAHOS	Nodary Public O 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Notary Public - State of Nevada White Pine County - Nevada Appt. Exp. Jan. 9, 1994	1) h to And D
An County of	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST, PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE, ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

0

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the
 waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

ja or - nain,

(over)

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District ON October 17 1989 TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF Underground	PROTEST
whose post office address is P.O. Box 233, Ely, Street whose occupation is Management Assistan of Application Number	t - Nevada State Welfare, and protests the granting October 17 19.89. trict 19.89.
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and constants	on the following grounds, to wit:
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application	on be Denied (Denied subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State I	Engineer deems just and proper. Sally Gust Printed or typed name, if agent
CAROL NORCROSS VLAHOS Notary Public - State of Nevada Appt. Exp. Jan. 9, 1994 County of	July 1990 L Hoscross Workon Nevada White Pine

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST, PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.
ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.



- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Burcau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the
 waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives
 of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD
 service area.
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

STATE ENGINEERS BELH

.30 TIT 65:58

LOIS E. WEAVER Notary Public - State of Nevada White Pine County, Novada Appointment Expires OCT. 3, 1990	Natury Public State of Nevada
	County of White Pine

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 8. The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Burcau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works:
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

RITE ENGINE SHIPS STATE

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54	020
Filed by Las Vegas Valley Water Distri	1
on October 17 1989 To Appropria	1
Waters of Underground	
	/
Comes now Robert L. Harbeck	e and Fenn A. Hanberbe
	Printed or typed name of protestant
whose post office address is SR 5 Box 27, E	Street No. or P.O. Box. City, State and Zip Code
	er and protests the granting
of Application Number 54020, file	ed on October 17 , 1989 .
Printed of type	ter District to appropriate the
waters of Underground	situated in White Pine County
County, State of Nevada, for the following reason	
This application should be deni	ed because the extraction of water would laver
the depths of water in my own w	ells and adversely affect my personal existing
rights. Also see the attached	reasons and grounds for further protest.
	I
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the	application be Den1ed (Denied, issued subject to prior rights, etc., 24 the case may be)
	•
and that an order be effected for such refler as the	Signed L. Harbecke Robert L. Harbecke Agentor protestant Robert L. Harbecke and Fern A. Harbecke
	Signed Jern a Harbicke
	Printed or typed name, if agent Address SR 5 Box 27
	Street No. or P.D. Box No. Ely, Nevada 89301
	City, State and Zip Corte No.
	BMC CONTRACTOR
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	day of July 19.90.
	L. E. W. Commen
LOIS E. WEAVER Notary Public - State of Nevada	AJOSS 6: WLUVER Notary Public
White Pine County, Nevada Appointment Expires OCT. 3, 1990	State of Nevada
	County of White Pine

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 8. The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - c. The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533,365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

RECEIVEERS OFFIT

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020	
FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District	PROTEST
ON October 17 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE	FROIEST
WATERS OF Underground	
	1
Comes now DANIEL WEAVER AGENT FOR DENI	NIS MANGIM of typed name of protestant
whose post office address is #7_1st_STREET_MCGILL	NEVADA 89318 t No. or P.O. Hox, City, State and Zip Cude
whose occupation is UNEMPLOYED EQUIPMENT OPEN	RATOR, and protests the granting
	October 17 19.89
by Las Vegas Valley Water Dis	trict
at all the manufacture of all the manufacture of all the manufacture of all the manufacture of the manufactu	hirents
Underground or name of stream, take, spring or othe	situated in White Pine County
County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and o	on the following grounds, to wit:
SEE ATTACHED	
<u> </u>	
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application	On be Denied [Denied, issued subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
and that an order be entered for such relief as the State E	
Signed	Azeni or projestani
DANI	EL WEAVER Printed or typed name, if agent
Address	S.R. 1 BOX 5 Sirect No. or P.O. Box No.
***************************************	ELY, NEVADA 89301
	City, State and Zip Code Nu.
	*
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	33 24 19 90.
Car	of floreross Wakes
CAROL NORCHOSS VLANOS SIBLE OF	Notary Public NEUALA
Vice Pine County • Nevada	
County of.	-0 200

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the
 public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water
 exploration project would:
 - Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Burcau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

初 5 元 最高。

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

STATE ENGINEERS OFFER

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District ON October 17 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE	PROTEST
whose post office address is P. U. Box 33. whose occupation is Rehabilitation of Application Number 54020, filed on	FLU. Nevada 89301 FLU. Nevada 89301 Street No. or P.O. Box, City. State and Zip Code On, and protests the granting October 17, 1989
waters of Underground Underground or name of stream, take, spring or County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons an See Attachment	other source situated in White Pine County
<u> </u>	
and that an order be entered for such relief as the Stat	e Engineer deems just and proper.
Addres	Agent of protestant Bob Nichols Printedor typed name, if agent P.O. Box 83 Street No. or P.O. Box No. Ely, Nevada 89301 City, State and Zip Code No.
CAROL NORCROSS VLAHOS Notary Public - State of Nevada White Pine County - Nevada Appt. Exp. Jan. 9, 1994 County	of White Pine



- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

	IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water District ON October 17 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF Underground
0	Comes now Jim Nichols and Betty Nichols Printed or typed name of protestant whose post office address is P.O. Box 743 Ely NV 89301 Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code whose occupation is Retired and protests the granting
	of Application Number 54020 , filed on October 17 , 1989 by Las Vegas Valley Water District to appropriate the
	Waters ofUndergroundsituated in White Pine CountyUnderground or name of stream, lake, spring or other source County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:
مر	This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Calrk County. Diversion and export of such a quantity ofwater will lower the static water livel in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatiphytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application be Denied (See back side)
	and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Engineer deems just and proper. Signed Betty Jicho + mi Vickol Agent or protestant
	Jim Nichols & Betty Nichols & Printed or typed name, if agent Address P.O. Box 743 Street No. or P.O. Box No. ELy, NV 89301 City, State and Zip Code No.
	Subscribed and sworn to before me this. And Sully 1990. 2: Carol Moses Sully Notary Public
	CAROL NORCROSS YLAHOS Notary Public - State of Novada White Pine County - Nevada Appt. Exp. Jan. 9, 1994 County of Land

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.
ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

D-7044 and \$3000

(continued from the front side)

influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.

STATE ENGINEERS OFFICE

85: 21d 6- TM 06.

	
In the Matter of Application Number 5	64020_,
FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water Dis	strict,
on <u>October 17</u> , 19 <u>89</u> , to Appropri	} PROTEST
WATERS OFUnderground Sources	
Citate Ovalous	
Comes now the County of White P	Printed or typed name of predefeast
whose post office address is <u>P. O. Box 1002</u>	2, Ely. Nevada 89301
	State of Nevada and protests the granting
	, filed onOctober 17, 19 89
by the Las Vegas Valley Water District Printed or 1	
waters of Underground Sources	structed in White Pine
County, State of Nevada, for the following reason	ns and on the following grounds, to wit:
THEREFORE the protestant requests the	at the application be DENIED
and that an order be entered for such relief as the	Oction to supplied to prior rights, etc., as the case may be) State Engineer deepag just and proper.
•	
	Signed
r	Name Dan L. Papez, Agent Printed or typed adves, Kadent
	Address P. O. Box 240 Street No. or F. Q. Box No.
	Address Elv. Nevada 89301
	City, State and Zip Code Ne.
	•
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	day of <u>July</u> , 19 <u>90</u> .
A	maria & dans
MARIE E. KALLERES	Notary Pools
White Pine County, Neverla	State of Nevada
My commission equipm Nov. 21, 1969	County of White Pine

The City of Ely and The Board of County Commissioners, White Pine County, State of Nevada, do hereby protest the above referenced application upon the following grounds:

- 1. Upon information and belief Protestant asserts that there is not sufficient unappropriated groundwater in Spring Valley to provide the water sought in Application Number 54020 and all other pending applications involving the utilization of surface and ground water from that Basin.
- 2. Upon information and belief Protestant asserts that the appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations to dedicated users in the Spring Valley Basin will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. That the groundwater sought in Application Number 54020 will conflict with and interfere with groundwater sought in previously filed Applications in the Spring Valley Basin as set out a State Engineer's abstract which is hereto as Exhibit "A" fully incorporated herein, said Applications being prior in time to the instant Application and which have not been acted upon by the State Engineer.
- 4. The granting or approval of the instant Application would conflict with or tend to impair existing water rights in the Spring Valley Basin in that it would exceed the safe yield of the subject basin and unreasonably lower the static water level and sanction water mining which is contrary to public policy in the State of Nevada.
- 5. That the appropriation of the water sought in the instant Application, when added to the other pending Applications and to the already approved appropriations and dedicated uses in the Spring Valley Basin, will lower the static water level in Spring Valley Basin, will adversely affect the quality of the remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeps and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the use and survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface existing uses.

- 6. This Application is one of approximately 147 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of approximately 860,000 acre feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy or damage environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 7. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and a water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 8. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts, socioeconomic impact, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 9. Granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - (1) Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statues;
 - (2) Prevent or interfere with the conservation and management of those threatened or endangered species;
 - (3) Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - (4) Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 10. That the withdrawal of the ground water sought in this Application and/or in conjunction with withdrawal of groundwaters sought in other Applications in Spring Valley included in the water importation project will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin and will cause the loss of surface plant communities that provide forage and habitat for wildlife and forage for livestock, thus eliminating those uses of the basin.

- 11. That the granting of this Application together with the companion Applications filed as part of the water importation project will necessitate the Applicant to locate well sites, build road and power lines to each well site, causing surface disturbance and degradation of the environment, including loss of wildlife habitat, wildlife populations, and grazing lands for livestock.
- 12. The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District, and that such waste of water is contrary to public policy in the State of Nevada.
- 13. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained or demonstrated that it can obtain right-of-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County, and therefore cannot show that the water will ever be placed in beneficial use.
- 14. The Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications of the water importation project will perpetuate and may increase the inefficient use of water and frustrate efforts of water demand management in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 15. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to placing the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.
- 16. The above-reference Application should be denied because the Application fails to adequately include the statutorily required information, to wit;
 - (1) Description of proposed works;
 - (2) The estimated cost of such works;
 - (3) The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - (4) The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 17. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of the Spring Valley Basin thereby adversely affect phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in

violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

- 18. The Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to guard the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal of groundwater out of the basin cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - a. cumulative environmental and socioeconomic impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - b. mitigation measures that will reduce such impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 19. That this Application should be denied because the Applicant has failed to provide to Protestant relevant information regarding this Application and other Applications which comprise this project as required by N.R.S. 533.363. That the failure to provide such relevant information denies Protestant due process of law under Chapter 533, N.R.S., in that said relevant information may provide Protestant with further meaningful grounds of protest, and that Protestant may be forever barred from submitting such further grounds of protest because the protest period may run before Applicant provides such required information. That the failure of Applicant to provide such information denies Protestant with meaningful opportunity to submit protests to this Application and other Applications included in this project as allowed by Chapter 533, N.R.S.
- 20. The subject Application should be denied because the population projections upon which the water demand projections are based are unrealistic and ignore numerous constraints to growth, including traffic congestion, increase costs of infrastructure and services, degraded air quality, etc.
- 21. The subject Application should be denied because previous and current conservation programs instituted by the Las Vegas Water District are ineffective, public-relations oriented efforts that are unlikely to achieve substantial water savings. Public policy and public interest considerations should preclude the negative environmental and socioeconomic consequences of the proposed transfers on areas of origin when the potential water importer has failed to make a good-faith effort to efficiently use currently available supplies.
- 22. The subject Application should be denied because the enormous costs of the project likely will result in water rate increases of such a magnitude that demand will be substantially reduced, thereby rendering the water transfer unnecessary.

- 23. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest and is not made in good faith since it would allow the Las Vegas Valley Water District to lock up vital water resources for possible use sometime in the distant future beyond current planning horizons.
- 24. The subject Application should be denied because current and developing trends in housing, landscaping, national plumbing fixture stands, and demographic patterns all suggest that the simplistic water demand forecasts upon which the proposed transfers are based substantially overstate future water demand needs.
- 25. The subject Application should be denied because the current per capita water consumption rate for the Las Vegas Valley Water District is double that of similarly situated southwestern municipalities. This suggests enormous potential for more cost-effective supply alternatives, including demand management and effluent re-use. These alternatives have not been seriously considered by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 26. The subject Application should be denied because the enormous costs of the project likely will result in water rate increases of such a magnitude that demand will be substantially reduced, thereby rendering the transfers unnecessary.
- 27. The subject Application should be denied because the current per capita water consumption rate for the the Las Vegas Valley Water District currently is double that of similarly situated southwestern municipalities. This suggests enormous potential for more cost-effective supply alternatives, including demand management and effluent re-use, which avoid the negative impacts on rural areas of origin and have not been considered.
- 28. That the State Engineer has previously denied other groundwater Applications submitted by other Applicants in the subject basin, said Applications having been prior in time to the instant Application and those associated with the water importation project. That the grounds of denial for prior Applications should apply equally to the instant Application and if appropriate, should provide grounds to deny the instant Application.
- 29. Inasmuch as water extraction and the trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the Protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develope as a result of further study.
- 30. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to this Application and/or to any Application filed that is included in this project and filed pursuant to N.R.S. 533.365.

HYDROGRAPHIC AREA: 10-124 SPRING

A T E R R E S O U R C E Œ ₩ _4

The state of the s

HYDROGRAPHIC BASIN ABSTRACT SROUND WATER

ANNUAL		28.31	1,080.00	0.01	0.0	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	į	
A CRES IRRIGATED	00 • 6		270.00				•				U			814	1×3
RATE OF USE P	0.00) IRD	0.120_STK	4.503 IRR	1.600 tvo	1.000 IND	1.000 IND	4 L CO3 IND	1.000 IND	1.00º IND	1.002_IND	1.00J IND	1.000 IND	1.000 IND	1.000 IND	1.001 EN
AT SRC Q Q SEC TWP RNG	854 UG SE 7 7 134 67E	18 US SE NE 23 3N 63E	P UG NW SE 16 13N 67E	A US SW VE 36 174 67E	A UG LT 03 1 16N 67E	KFA UG SE SE 2 16N 67E	A UG WW SE 11 16% 67E	A UG NE SW 14 16N 67E	A UG VW SW 23 16% 67%	KFA UG SE SE 34 15N 57E	AUG. VE SE 215N 67E	A UG SW SE 11 154 67E	A UG SW SE 14 15N 67E	UG WE YE . 35.16N	A UG SE SE 35 164 66E
CERT# PATE STAT	8 2719782	11205.04/32/8zcsR_	05/10/83 PEP	C6/16/32 KEA	06/16/82 RFA		06/15/32 RFA	06/15/92 RFA	06/16/82 RFA	C5/16/54	. 06/16/82 RFA	06/16/82 RFA	06/16/82 RFA	06/16/8£ NFA	00/15/82 KFA
CHANGE OF APP#	; ;			45454	43434	43434	43434	43434	7 27 27	43455	43435	43435	43435	43435	43435
# d d d	65312	76757	87957	£6257	45799	45800	45861	45802	45863	45804	45805	45805	100 45807	gyd 45808	E 02 00 1

* ×523851

WATER RIGHTS SYSTEM

HYDROGRAPHIC BASIN ABSTRACT GROUND WATER

06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 65E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 11 14% 65E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 11 14% 65E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 12 14% 65E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 12 15% 65E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 15 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 66E 1.000 IND 06/16/92 RFA UG SE SE 35 15% 66E 1.000 IND	の (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	: 0	TRIOG	PIVERSION	DIV TYPE S WATE OF U ACR	S
6/82 RFA UG SE SE 35 154 65E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 11 14N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 11 14N 65E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 65E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 65E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE NE 23 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND	С П В		N CX	0 0 13 13	Z & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	CFS) USE P IRRI	ATED ANNUAL
5/82 RFA UG SE SE 11 14N 66E 1.000 IND 5/82 RFA UG SE SE 11 14N 66E 1.000 IND 5/82 RFA UG SE SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND 5/82 RFA UG SW SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND 5/82 RFA UG SW SW 1 15N 66E 1.000 IND 5/82 RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SY 13 5N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG SE SZ 15N 66E 1.000 IND 6/82 RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 66E 1.000 IND		26/91/99	<u></u>	e: e:	15V 65	H	.C * 0
RFA UG SE SE 11 14N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 1 15N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE NE 23 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE NE 23 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND		8/8		ក ក ក	79 E7	. 500	0.0.
RFA UG SE SW 23 14W 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SW 3W 26 14M 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 1 15W 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 12 15W 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG W SW 13 15W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG W SE 25 15W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 25 15W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 25 15W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 14W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 14W 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WW WW 11 13W 66E 1.000 IND		06/16/82		SE SE 1	4N 65	1 000°	0.0
RFA UG SE SW 23 14N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 1 15N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG WW SW 13 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WW WE 113N 65E 1.000 IND		€6/15/8€	٦	SE SE	48 65	600.	Ū*6
RFA UG SW SW 26 14N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SW 1 15N 65E 1.000 IND RFA UG WW SW 13 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG WE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 16N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 16N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 16N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG SE SE 36 16N 66E 1.000 IND		06/15/82		SE SW 2	14N 65	000	0.0
RFA UG SE SW 1 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.007 IND AFA UG SE NE 23 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65 1.007 IND	!	£6/16/82	RFA	S W.S. W.S.	14N65	NI GOO*	0.0
RFA UG SE SW 12 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG 'YU SW 13 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.007 IND RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65E 1.007 IND		05/15/82		S u.s	5.5	7	6.3
RFA UG NW SW 13 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NW SE 25 15W 66E 1.000 IND, RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NW VW 11 13N 65E 1.000 IND	1	06/15/82	Ð	SE SW 1	15N 65	VI LOO	0.0
RFA UG NE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NE SE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NW WE 25 15% 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NW WW 11 13% 65 1.000 IND	- 1	78791790		L AS US	. 5v 65	1 600.	·C•0
RFA UG NE SE 25 15N 66E 1.003 IND RFA JG NW SE 25 15W 65E 1.003 IND RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65 1.002 IND		06/16/32		SE NE 2	154 66	:	0.0
RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65E 1.007 IND ,		06/16/82	, ລ	VE SE Z	15N 66	н С	0.0
RFA UG SE SE 34 14N 66E 1.000 IND RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65		06/15/82	- T1	2 35 AM	154 65	00) IN	0.0
RFA UG NW WW 11 13N 65	- 1	05/15/82		SE SE 3	14N 66		0.0
		06/16/3	RFA	L MY MW	3N . 65		0.0

48.20851

WATER RESOUPCES

HYDROGRAPHIC BASIN ABSTRACT SROUND WATER

,
;
•
•
•
! ! ! >>
•
٠.,٠
SPRING
7
ď.
·W
4
~
Ť
Ö
10-134
~
D.
APEA
3
<u> </u>
Λ.
~
.5
Ò
, T
>
HYDAOGRAPHIC
<u>}</u>

#ddx 30	(, ,		2	C:	ATC		6 L C & 4	
	CERT# DATE	STAT SRC Q Q	SEC TWP	RNG	(CFS)	USEP	IRRIGATED	ANNUAL
43413	66/15/82	FA UG SW S	E 14 134	5 5 E	1.003	671		0.00
43433	65/1/6/82	RFA UGSW. 2	¥.24.13N	55E	1.000.	CNI		0.0
43438	06/16/82	RFA UG SW S	W 25 13N	66E	1.003	GNI		0.0
68717	66/15/82	RFA UG NW S	W 12 12N	esE	1.003	CAI		30*0
43439	06/16/82	RFA UG SW NW	4 13 12N	65E	1.003	INO	·	0.00
43439		RFA UG	E. 2412N	399−	1.003	IND		0.00
65727	Ce/16/82	REA US NE VI	75 T 3	67E	1.007	IND	•	J 0 *0
43439	06/16/32	RFA UG NE NI	E 9 13N	67E	1.000	IND	- A the state of t	0.00
65757	06/15/82	REA US SE S	E 7 13N	675	1.007	IND		0.00
•	08/27/85	RFA .UGLT .D3	3 7 14%	675	2•703	IRD	150.09	30*079
	03/27/83	RFA UG · LT 02	2 7 14N	67€	2.700	IRD	160.00	940.90
87227	08/27/92	XFA UG YW YA	23 11N	675	5.400	IRD	0.00	0.00
42251	08/27/32	RFA UG SES	₹ 23 114	67E	5.400	IRD	0.00	0.00
42248	05/27/82	RFA UG. SW.SI	W 23.11.N		5.400	IRD	00.00	00.0
4225ن	C8/27/92	ER EN DO VENE	23 114	675	£07°S	IRD	0,00	00.0

** 2.7851	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			K	*ALER RIGHTS			
				нүрко	GRAPHIC B GROUND	ASIN ABSTRACT Water		
HYDROGRAPHIC	CH4NGF CERT#	SPRING PING PATE	STAT SP.C	POINT OF D	IVES SION	AATE OF	S ACRES P IRRIGATED	ANNUAL
\$6227		53728730	हिंदे हैं	NE VE 5 1	15ฟ 67ะ	0.00G IRR	00.00	0.0
75227		C 5/28/85	RF4 UG	SW SE 51	12v 67E	0.007 IR	00.00	0 * 0
42295		03/23/85	KFA UG	SW VE 5 1	12N 67E	0.00J IRR	0.00	0.0
45234	<u></u>	03/35/80	λfA UG	SE NE 12 1	114 6AE	0.000 IRR	00 0	0.0
76227		08/28/83	RFA UG	SF SE 12 1	11N 66E	0.000 IRR	00 00	0.0
42298		08/28/30	REA UG	SW VE 30 1	2N 67E	0.003 IRR	00.0	0.0
42299		09/28/93	RFA US	SW SE 30 1	24 67E	0.000 IRR	00.0	0.0
42300		G3/28/8J	RFA UG	SW SW 30 1	2N 67E	0.000 IRR	00 00	0.0
42361		08/25/83	RFA UG	1 05 MM WS	24 67E	0.000 188	00.0	0.7
43434 CHG BY	45798 45803 45803	_p3/30/31_	REA US	NE VE 11	43 65E	4.000 IND		0.0
,	r Social Social							
43435 CHG BY	i /ww	03/30/81	RFA UG	NE NE 21	4N 66E	6.000 IND		0.0
	0000004 000000000000000000000000000000				The second of th	•		
****	١ / ر		4					

*R20351		4	T = 3 - 2 - 5 - 4 A TER-RIGHTS	S O U R C E S S-SYSTEM		
			22 ÷			
# dd	HANGE CERT# FI	STAT SAC & @ SEC	CIVERSION TWP RNG	RATE OF USE P	IRRIGATED	ANNUAL
43436 CHG 3Y	Surviv Surviva	AFA UG NE VE 11	144 665	0 NI COO • 9)C*G
• ••	45813	ר אמי	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
			3			70°6
43433 43433	0 (0) (1)	RFA UG NE VE 13	14V 66E	8.000 IND		0.0
	450873 450874 4508254 4508254					
43439 68484	55 S	REA UG NE NE 14	14N 65E	4.000 IND	÷	30 • 0
	458337 458831 458322 458333					
45175	12/31/81	RFA UG SE SW 15	14N 67E .	5.560 IRR	320.00	0.00
45287	_299671101Z_G2/35/82	CER UG NE SW. 12	124 67E	1.350 IRR	78.20	312.80
45311	0.101150	OF BUILD NEW 19	C7 121		•	1

<u> </u>	
In the Matter of Application Number	1
Filed by Las Vegas Valley Wate	PROTEST
October 17 19 89, TO AP	PROPRIATE THE
Waters of Underground	
Comes now U.S. Fish and Wi	ildlife Service Printed or typed name of protestant
whose post office address is 1002 NE	dolladay Street, Portland, OR 97232-4181
hose occupation is Conservation, p	Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code protection, and enhancement of fish, wildlife and their habitat
EAGGO	, filed on, 19.89.
y Las Vegas Valley Water Dis	strict
Pri	inted or typed name of applicant
Underground or name of st	ream, take, spring or other source 'situated in White Pine.
See Attached.	ing reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:
See Allached.	
;	
,	
70 F-	
THEREFORE the protestant requests.	that the application be Denied (Denied, issued subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)
nd that an order be entered for such re	lief as the State Engineer deems just and proper.
2	W
· £	Signed Manual Alexandr Agent or protestant
ž.	Marvin L. Plenert, Regional Director
	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Address 1002 NE Holladay St Surer No. or P.G. Box No.
	Portland OR 97232-4181 City, State and Zip Code No.
	City, State and Zip Code No.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this.e	25th day of June 1990
	Marige a Holway
	State of Oregon
	County of Multnomah
·	J. P 9 /2: 11/12/2
	My Commission Experes 11/17/92

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.
ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

1)K

0.1015

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) protests water right applications 53947 through 54036, 54038 through 54066, 54068 through 54092, 54105, and 54106, of which this protest is a part, which were filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District (LYVWD). Granting the above applications would not be in the public interest and, in addition, would injure the Service's senior water rights.

The currently available information indicates that the impacts, both short and long term, which would result from withdrawal (extraction) of underground water as proposed by LVVWD, would adversely affect the water rights held by the Service and the water available to wildlife and plants in general.

The "underground source" of the water proposed to be appropriated by LVVWD will intercept the source of the water that now maintains the numerous springs, seeps, marshes, streams, and riparian and mesquite habitats that support the wildlife and plant resources including endangered and threatened species in the state of Nevada. These water resources are dependent on the ground water systems from which applicant proposes to tap.

The Service's mission is to conserve, protect, and enhance fish, wildlife, and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people. In southern Nevada, the Service manages four National Wildlife Refuges (NWR):

- Ash Meadows NWR. This refuge was established in June 1984 and comprises approximately 23,500 acres of spring-fed wetlands and alkaline desert uplands that provide habitat for numerous plants and animals found nowhere else in the world. Five species at the refuge are listed under the Endangered Species Act, and seven species are threatened. Twenty other species are candidates for listing.
- Desert National Wildlife Range. This refuge was established in 1936 and encompasses over 2,200 square miles. The most important objective is perpetuating the desert bighorn sheep and its habitat. Dependable, year-round water sources located throughout bighorn habitat enable the sheep to use all available habitat which reduces competition for food, cover, water, and space. The Corn Creek Spring ponds on the refuge are the home of the endangered Pahrump poolfish.
- Moapa NWR. This refuge was established in 1979 to secure habitat for the Moapa dace, an endangered minnow endemic to the headwaters of the Muddy River. Historically, the dace was common throughout the headwaters of the Muddy River but in the last decade populations have declined sharply due to habitat destruction and alterations and competition with introduced non-native species.

Pahranagat NWR. This refuge was established in 1964 to provide a stopping point for waterfowl and other migratory birds as they migrate south in the fall and back north in the early spring. These waterfowl are attracted by the refuge's 5,380 acres of marshes, open water, native grass meadows, and cultivated croplands. The refuge is the home of the endangered bald eagle and five candidate species.

These four southern Nevada refuges support migratory birds, endangered and threatened species, and other plant and wildlife species. Loss of sufficient water supply to the refuges would eliminate or degrade critical wildlife habitat and could eliminate some or all of the migratory birds, endangered and threatened species, and other wildlife the refuges have been established to protect. This would defeat the very purposes of the refuges and interfere with the Service's mandated responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 U.S.C s 703 et seq., (MBTA) and the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq., among other federal laws. Reducing the refuges' water supply through approval of the applications could also constitute violations of the ESA and MBTA.

In addition to the endangered and threatened species found on the refuges, endangered and threatened species are found at numerous other sites in southern Nevada. Significantly reducing water supplies at these locations would also adversely affect these species. The preamble to the Endangered Species Act states that endangered and threatened species of fish, wildlife and plants . . . "are of aesthetic, ecological, educational, historical, recreational and scientific value to the Nation and its people." Congress, through enactment of the Endangered Species Act, has clearly expressed a national public interest in preserving endangered and threatened plant and animal species.

The Service also has water rights for surface and ground water at each of the four southern Nevada National Wildlife Refuges. Approval of the applications would significantly reduce the water available at the refuges and injure the Service's water rights.

The fish and Wildlife Service strongly urges the State Engineer to undertake a comprehensive study of the environmental impacts to southern Nevada that the withdrawing of approximately 860,000 acre-feet of water, the amount applied for by the Las Vegas Valley Water District, would have on the hydrologically connected basins in this area of the state prior to approving any of the applications.

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 5402 FILED BY Las Vegas Valley Water Distr ON October 17, 19.89, TO APPROPRI WATERS OF Underground Sources	PROTEST ATE THE
whose post office address is SR 1 Box 7A whose occupation is Store Manager of Application Number 54020 by Las Vegas Valley Water Distri	led on October 17, 1989 Let to appropriate the granting to appropriate the straig or other source
and that an order be entered for such relief as t	Signed Selena Weaver, Agent
Subscribed and sworn to before me this8th	Address P. O. Box 657 Street No. or P.O. Box No. E1ŷ, Nevada 89301 City, State and Zip Code No.

\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.
ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.



O-3035

- 1. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate over 810,000 acre-feet of ground water for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will lower the static water level in this basin, will adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water and will further threaten springs, seeds and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and dedicated users in this basin will exceed the safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table and degrade the quality of water from existing wells, cause negative hydraulic gradient influences, further cause other negative impacts and will adversely affect existing rights adverse to the public interest.
- 3. This Application is one of over 140 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of over 860,000 acre-feet of ground and surface water for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the county and area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 4. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and water resource plan consideration for the general Las Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 5. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water exploration project would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;
 - b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
 - c. Take or harm those endangered species; and
 - d. Interfere with the purpose for which the Federal lands are managed under Federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- The approval of the subject Application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 9. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained right-or-way for water development on public lands and the transportation of water from the proposed point of diversion to the service area of the Las Vegas Valley Water District in Clark County.
- 10. This Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively will increase the waste of water and lack of effective conservation efforts in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 11. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability of transporting water under the subject permit as a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.

- 12. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the application fails to include the statutorily required:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use; and
 - The approximate number of persons to be served and the approximate future requirement.
- 13. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other Applications will exceed the safe yield of this basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and create air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 14. This Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to grant the public interest properly. This Application and related applications associated with this major withdrawal out of the basin transfer project cannot properly be determined without an independent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:
 - cumulative impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extractions;
 - c. alternatives to the proposed extractions, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and mandatory and effective water conservation in the LVVWD service area.
- 15. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the aforementioned applications filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.
- 16. In as much as a water extraction and trans-basin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they develop as a result of further study.

H PAU ZABBANIONS BIATE

In the Matter of Application Number 54020
Filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District
on October 17, 1989 to Appropriate the
Waters of Underground

PROTEST

Comes now the County of Nye, State of Nevada, whose post office address is P.O. Box 1767, Tonopah, NV, 89049, whose occupation is Political Subdivision, State of Nevada, and protests the granting of Application Number 54020, filed on ctober 17, 1989, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District to appropriate the waters of Underground situated in White Pine County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:

See attached.

THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application by DENIED and that an order be entered for such relief as the

State Engineer deems just and proper.

Stephen T. Bradhurst, Agent

Address: P.O. Box 1510, Reno, NV 89505

Subscribed and sworn to before me this & #

_ day of July ___, 1990.

Notary Public

State of Nevada

County of Washoe

SANDRA A. HADLOCK NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA WASHOE COUNTY My Appni. Inples JULY 15, 1990

 $\psi_{i\mu}$

REASONS AND GROUNDS FOR PROTEST BY NYE COUNTY

The Nye County Board of Commissioners, State of Nevada, does hereby protest the above-referenced Application for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:

- 1. Upon information and belief protestant asserts that there is not sufficient unappropriated ground water in host water basin to provide the water sought in the above-referenced Application and all other pending applications involving the utilization of surface and ground water from the basin.
- 2. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and existing uses and water rights in host water basin will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitude will lower the water table; degrade the quality of water from existing wells; cause negative hydraulic gradient influences; and threaten springs, seeps and phreatophytes which provide water and habitat that are critical to the survival of wildlife and grazing livestock.
- 3. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would unreasonably lower the water table and sanction water mining, which is contrary to Nevada law and public policy.
- 4. This Application is one of 146 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of some 864,195 acre-feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of the water needed to protect and enhance its environment and economic well-being; and the diversion will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 5. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application in the absence of comprehensive water-resource development planning, including, but not limited to, environmental-impact considerations, socioeconomic-impact considerations, cost/benefit considerations, water-resource evaluation by an independent entity, and a water-resource plan for the Las Vegas Valley Water District (such as is required by the Public Service Commission of water purveyors) is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.
- 6. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest in that it, individually and together with other applications of the water importation project, would:
 - a. Likely jeopardize the continued existence of endangered and threatened species recognized under the federal Endangered Species Act and related state statutes;

- b. Prevent or interfere with the conservation of those threatened or endangered species;
- c. Take or harm those endangered or threatened species; and
- d. Interfere with the purpose for which the federal lands are managed under federal statutes including, but not limited to, the Federal Land Use Policy Act of 1976.
- 7. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application will sanction and encourage the willful waste of water that has been allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District. Said waste of water is contrary to Nevada law and public policy.
- 8. The subject Application seeks to develop the water resources of, and transport water across, lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained or demonstrated that it can obtain the necessary legal interest (right-of-way) on said lands to extract, develop and transport water from the point of diversion to the point of use in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area. Therefore, the Las Vegas Valley Water District cannot show that the water will ever be placed in beneficial use.
- 9. The Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the water importation project will perpetuate and may increase the inefficient use of water in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area and frustrate efforts at water-demand management in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 10. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability for developing and transporting water under the subject permit, which is a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use; and accordingly, the subject Application should be denied.
- 11. The above-referenced Application should be denied because it fails to adequately include the statutorily required information, to wit:
 - a. Description of proposed works;
 - b. The estimated cost of such works;
 - c. The estimated time required to construct the works and the estimated time required to complete the application of water to beneficial use;
 - d. The approximate number of persons to be served and the future requirement;
 - e. The dimensions and location of proposed water-storage reservoirs, the capacity of the proposed reservoirs, and a description of the lands to be submerged by impounded waters.

- 12. The subject Application should be denied because it individually and cumulatively with other applications of the proposed project will exceed the safe yield of host water basin thereby adversely affecting phreatophytes and creating air contamination and air pollution in violation of State and Federal Statutes, including, but not limited to, the Clean Air Act and Chapter 445 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 13. The Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineer to properly safeguard the public interest. The adverse effects of this Application and related applications associated with the proposed water appropriation and transportation project (largest appropriation of ground water in the history of the State of Nevada) cannot properly be evaluated without an independent, formal and publicly reviewable assessment of the following:
 - a. The water resources of the proposed area of diversion and the cumulative effects of the proposed diversions;
 - Mitigation measures that will reduce the impacts of the proposed extraction;
 and
 - c. Alternatives to the proposed extraction, including, but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and aggressive implementation of all proven and cost-effective water-demand management strategies.
- 14. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the applicant has failed to provide the protestant relevant information regarding this Application and other applications which comprise the proposed importation project (works) as required by N.R.S. 533.363. The failure to provide such relevant information denies protestant due process of law under Chapter 533, N.R.S., in that said relevant information may provide protestant with further meaningful grounds of protest, and that protestant may be forever barred from submitting such further grounds of protest because the protest period may end before Applicant provides such required information. The failure of applicant to provide such information denies protestant the meaningful opportunity to submit protests to this Application and other applications associated with the water importation project as allowed by Chapter 533, N.R.S.
- 15. The subject Application should be denied because the population projections upon which the water-demand projections are based are unrealistic and ignore numerous constraints to growth, including traffic congestion, increased costs of infrastructure and services, degraded air quality, protection of rare and endangered species, etc.
- 16. The subject Application should be denied because previous and current conservation programs instituted by the Las Vegas Valley Water District are inefficient public-relations-oriented efforts that are unlikely to achieve substantial water savings. Public-policy and public-interest considerations should preclude the negative environmental and socioeconomic consequences of the proposed transfers on areas of origin when the potential water importer has failed to make a good-faith effort to efficiently use currently available supplies.

- 17. The subject Application should be denied because the enormous costs of the project likely will result in water-rate increases of such a magnitude that demand will be substantially reduced, thereby rendering the water transfer unnecessary.
- 18. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest and not made in good faith since it would allow the Las Vegas Valley Water District to lock up vital water resources for possible use sometime in the distant future beyond current planning horizons.
- 19. The subject Application should be denied because current and developing trends in housing, landscaping, national plumbing-fixture standards and demographic patterns all suggest that the simplistic water-demand forecasts upon which the proposed transfers are based substantially overstate future water-demand needs.
- 20. The subject Application should be denied because the current per capita water-consumption rate for the Las Vegas Valley Water District is double that of similarly situated southwestern municipalities. This suggests enormous potential for most cost-effective supply alternatives, including demand management and effluent re-use. These alternatives have not been seriously considered by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 21. The above-referenced Application should be denied because the State Engineer has previously denied other applications for water from the host water basin, said applications having been prior in time to the instant Application and those applications associated with the water importation project. The grounds for denial (e.g., applicant does not own or control the land on which the water is to be diverted, approval would be detrimental to the public welfare, etc.) of the prior applications should apply equally to the instant Applicant and provide grounds to deny the instant Application.
- 22. The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application and the other applications associated with the water-importation project will most likely have a negative impact on Nevada's environment (see the report entitled Las Vegas Water Importation Project Technology Assessment by Baughman and Finson). Therefore, the subject Application should be denied by the State Engineer since it is the public policy of the State of Nevada, per Governor Bob Miller's January 25, 1990, State of the State Address, to protect Nevada's environment, even at the expense of growth (see page 11 of the Address).
- 23. The State Engineer is a member of the State of Nevada Environmental Commission (N.R.S. 445.451). This entity has the duty to prevent, abate and control air pollution in the State of Nevada, including Las Vegas Valley. Air pollution in Las Vegas Valley is so bad that the Valley has been classified a non-attainment area for national and state ambient air-quality standards for CO and PMIO. The Las Vegas Valley Water District applications for water from central, eastern and southern Nevada are for the purpose of securing water to encourage and support future growth in Las Vegas Valley. The State Engineer should deny the above-referenced Application and the other applications associated with the water-importation project since more water means more growth—therefore, more air

pollution. The State Engineer should be taking steps to ameliorate the air-quality problem in Las Vegas Valley, not exacerbate it. The State Engineer, along with the other members of the Environmental Commission, has the legal and moral responsibility to prevent air pollution in Las Vegas Valley. Therefore, the Commission should protest the subject application and the other applications associated with the growth-inducing project.

- 24. The above-referenced Application should be denied because economic activity in the area of the proposed point of diversion is water-dependent (e.g., grazing, recreation, etc.); and a reduction in the quantity and/or quality of water in the area would adversely impact said activity and the way of life of the area's residents.
- 25. The above-referenced Application and the other applications associated with the water-importation project should not be approved if said approval is influenced by the State Engineer's desire or need to ensure that there is sufficient water for those lots and condominium units created in Las Vegas Valley by subdivision maps. These maps were approved by the State Engineer, and he certified that there is sufficient water for the lots and units created by the maps. If there is not sufficient water for these lots and units, then Clark County water resources (e.g., water created by conservation, water saved by re-use, etc.) should be developed and assigned to the water-short lots and units.
- 26. On information and belief the Las Vegas Valley Water District applications to appropriate water from central, eastern and southern Nevada should be denied since the District has not shown a need for the water and the feasibility (technical and financial) of the water-importation project. The District's need for the water and the feasibility of the water-importation project should be components of a water-resource plan approved by the Public Service Commission of Nevada (see N.R.S. 704.020(2)(b)).
- 27. Las Vegas Valley Water District public statements and written material indicate that approximately 61 percent of the water rights sought by the District (via the 146 applications) are to be temporary water rights. But, the applications (146) state the water is to be used on a permanent basis. Therefore, the subject applications, including the above-referenced Application, should be denied because the public has been denied relevant information and due process.
- 28. The above-referenced Application and the other applications associated with the water-importation project should be denied since removing water from central, eastern and southern Nevada to Las Vegas Valley will adversely impact economic activity (current and future) of the water-losing area. Some of the economic impacts are as follows:
 - a. Agriculture: The combination of sunlight, water resources (ground water and geothermal sources), technology for intensified forms of agriculture, and growing markets (particularly in Las Vegas and Los Angeles) might create conditions for new agricultural development. A lack of water resources that can be developed would foreclose these additions to the economy of the region and the state:

- Fish farming using thermal springs
- Truck gardens or cotton crops
- Greenhouses for flowers or hydroponic vegetables, either alone or in conjunction with electric cogeneration plants.

In addition, the removal of ground water might damage the existing agricultural economy of the area by decreasing grazing available for cattle and sheep and decreasing crops like hay. Water rights are often gained by the purchase of agricultural land that has the water rights attached; then the purchaser takes the land out of agricultural production and removes the water to another, non-agricultural use. The three counties most affected by the granting of Las Vegas Valley Water District's applications—Nye, White Pine and Lincoln—had combined sales of cattle of over \$7,000,000 in 1987 and combined sales of other agricultural products of \$3,500,000 in the same year, according to the U.S. Department of Commerce. Removal of ground water could affect existing water sources for irrigating hay, and decrease forage available for cattle and sheep to the detriment of the agricultural segment of the economy of the three counties.

- b. Power Generation and Transmission: The removal of ground water could inhibit or preclude opportunities for power production, which generally uses water for cooling and in steam generation. The transmission lines developed to connect the White Pine and Thousand Springs Power Plants to the regional grid (with connection point in Henderson from White Pine), linked to electric-power-hungry markets in Las Vegas and southern California, might offer economic development potentials:
 - Production of electric power from geothermal sources could be connected to the transmission line for sales in the region or outside the state
 - Electric generation from locally produced natural gas or oil, or from natural gas from the Kern River Pipeline, could also be connected to the grid
 - Costs of solar power are declining and, under certain circumstances, are similar to other power production. Nevada's climate and open spaces, combined with access to a transmission line, could make solar-power production attractive.

Just as importantly, solar-, geothermal- and thermal-power production could provide inexpensive power for new dispersed activities in the three counties that are not now close enough to the electric grid for economic tie-in.

c. Mineral Extraction: Oil and natural gas offer major (though as yet highly uncertain) prospects. There is informed speculation that this area is the last major unexplored resource in the continental United States. Dwindling supplies elsewhere, in combination with reduction of imports, could produce important opportunities in Nevada. The development of other mineral resources is likely, and some could be of significant scale (e.g., Bond Gold), either as now, transported to linked industries, or as an attraction for colocation (see below).

Gold, however, is not the only mineral found in minable quantities and qualities in the region. Silver, molybdenum, and copper also are an important part of the economies of the three counties and so, to a lesser degree, is the extraction of mercury, fluorspar, calcium borate, zinc, lead and perlite. Each of these minerals is currently being produced in the region. As demand in the world changes for minerals, these and others may make important contributions to the region's and the state's economy. The effect on mining of removal of ground water from the region should be fully understood before the applications are approved.

- d. Manufacturing: Space-requiring industries (e.g., Aero-Jet, Southern California Aerospace, etc.), which are increasingly constrained in the Los Angeles metroplex, could choose locations in the Nevada desert, particularly if other infrastructure (rail, highways, electric power, water, etc.) were available. Those interested could include:
 - Manufacturers requiring Nevada's clean air or large expanses of uninhabited land
 - Industry serving the U.S. Departments of Defense and Energy
 - Producers of garning devices or photovoltaic equipment
 - Manufacturers dependent upon minerals extracted in Nevada, or serving those industries.
- e. Tourism: Though slow to develop, tourism and travel could increase between Interstate Highways 80 and 15. Development could include facilities such as attractions for those enjoying Nevada's laws on gaming, and health spas centered around thermal hot springs and Nevada's clean air and quiet, empty landscapes.

Geothermal wells deserve particular mention regarding tourism. The region has many documented geothermal sources with varying temperatures suitable for a variety of uses. It is widely believed that the extraction of ground water will decrease the flow of these springs before their potential is fully developed. The Japanese, for instance, especially enjoy thermal waters and often make them a part of their vacations as well as daily life; Europeans have flocked to health spas for centuries. It is possible that geothermal springs could be developed into a lucrative tourist attraction, but not if the ground water is so depleted that it reduces or eliminates geothermal sources.

Wildlife could also be adversely affected. The National Park Service, in a publication about outside threats to Death Valley, says that "Environmental impacts are probable to . . . Sunnyside/Kirch Wildlife Management Area, Railroad Valley wetlands areas, Key Pittman Wildlife Management Area, Pahranagat National Wildlife Refuge, and the Ash Meadows National Wildlife Refuge if the [LVVWD] applications are approved." Damage to or loss of wildlife areas could cause a decline in tourist visits to the region and prevent expansion.

An unpublished assessment of Las Vegas Valley Water District's project by Mike L. Baughman reports that the three counties "contained 275 [water-

related recreational] sites . . . estimated to support in excess of 700,000 resident recreation visitor days." Nevadans, as well as tourists from other areas, may mourn damage to these recreational sites.

- f. Concentration of Population: The state of Nevada should consider the important public-policy issues concerning dispersal of population, which are an inherent, if unspoken, part of the debate on appropriation of the region's water. Some of those issues are:
 - Whether foreclosure (because of insufficient water) of economic prospects outlined above preclude a more effectively and efficiently organized state of Nevada, from both an economic and a political point of view
 - Whether a large (\$1.5 billion) investment in infrastructure in rural Nevada could be used to encourage a growth pattern different from and superior to the current concentration in Reno and Las Vegas
 - Equity issues in the lack of representation of the state's rural population in state decision-making
 - Beneficial use of sparsely populated land areas.
- g. Interrelationships: Many of the economic potentials are interrelated to, and even dependent upon, each other:
 - If sufficient water is unavailable for electric-power generation, not only is electric power not produced and sold, but dispersed manufacturing or development of tourist attractions will not occur.
 - If the water table is lowered sufficiently to reduce or stop the flow of thermal springs, fish farming will not develop, and related industries such as manufacturing of packing materials or frozen-food packing plants will not be built
 - Without sufficient water for growth in residential use, even industries that
 use little or no water may be unable to locate in central and eastern
 Nevada. Any impact assessment that projected increases in population
 would trigger a requirement for additional water resources, a requirement
 that could not be met.

When water that has remained underground for 10,000 years is removed at a rate that is (even temporarily) faster than it can be recharged, that action will change the future of Nevada unalterably. It is critical that the decision-making process that concerns exporting water from rural to urban counties fully addresses the complex nature of a region's economic potentials.

29. Inasmuch as a water extraction and transbasin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse effects without further information and study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they may develop as a result of further information and study.

30. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to this Application and/ or any application filed that is associated with the water-importation project and filed pursuant to N.R.S. 533.365.

\$140 £ 19 3 3

100 m -2 37 36

IN THE OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

	In the Matter of Application Number 54020					
	Filed BY Las Vegas Valley Water Dist.					
94	October 17 ON Massel 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE					
	Waters of Spring Valley					
	Comes now William R. Rountree					
	Printed or typed name of protestant whose post office address is D-X Ranch, c/o Baker Stage Ely NV 89301					
	Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code whose occupation is Motel Owner/Rancher , and protests the granting					
	of Application Number 54020 filed on March 15 October 17 199 94					
	by Las Vegas Valley WAter District to appropriate the					
	Printed or typed name of applicant					
	Underground or name of stream, lake, spring or other source White Pine					
	County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:					
	SEE ATTACHMENT					
	The D-X Ranch has previously had commercial businesses open to the public. Our future plans include re-opening these facilities to the public. Our ranching and commercial business depend upon water. Approval of this application would adversely affect our livelihood.					
	application would adversely affect our livelinood.					
	<u></u>					
	<u> </u>					
	THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application be					
	and that an order be entered for such relief as the State Engineer deems just and proper.					
	11.11.00+					
	Signed Willia K. Kounten					
	Printed or typed name, if agent					
Address D-X Ranch Street No. or P.O. Box No.						
c/o Baker Stage, Ely NV 89301 City, State and Zip Code No.						
	Слу, зыис аво др Соре го.					
	232					
	Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3.3 day of 1990					
	How Tal Taylor					
	State of AV					
	Country of White Pine					
	JUSTICE OF THE PEACE BAKER TOWNSHIP					
	\$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST, PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.					
	ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.					

OK CB

0-2035 🐗

ATTACHMENT TO PROTEST OF APPLICATION NO. 54020 BY LAS VEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

This application is one of nine filed by Las Vegas Valley Water District for a total of 51,100 acre feet to be appropriated from Snake Valley. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive Snake Valley of the water needed for its environmental and economic well-being, and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.

Said application, if approved, would prevent or interfere with the development of the community water supply in Snake Valley. The Baker Water & Sewer General Improvement District was formed for this purpose after completion of an engineering study by Eric Beyer. Said water system is critically needed for the health and economic well-being of Snake Valley, as well as for serving the needs of some 80,000 annual visitors to Great Basin National Park.

Approval of this application would jeopardize the community water supply that is now being developed in Snake Valley for the town of Baker, by means of the Baker General Improvement District. This quasi-municipal water system is necessary for the healthy growth and economic development of Snake Valley, and to serve the 80,000 annual visitors to Great Basin National Park.

This application is one of nine applications filed on water in Snake Valley for a total of 51,100 acre feet. The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropirations and dedicated users will far exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin, adversely affecting existing rights and public interest

According to USGS studies cited in <u>Water Related Scientific Activities</u> of the <u>USGS in Nevada. 1985-89</u>, pp. 47, 48, 57, and 58, it is impossible to predict the consequences of exporting water in such quantities. "Comprehensive studies of this aquifer system have not been made, and little appropriate data are available."

This application is one of 145 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking to appropriate 804,195 acre feet of ground water primarily for municipal use within the service area of the District in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will: lower the static water level in Snake Valley; adversely affect the quality of remaining ground water; and further threaten springs, seeps and

phreatophytes which provide water and habitat critical to the survival of wildlife, grazing livestock and other surface area existing uses.

The appropriation of this water when added to the already approved appropriations and existing uses in the Snake Valley will exceed the annual recharge and safe yield of the basin. Appropriation and use of this magnitide will: lower static water level and degrade the quality of water from existing wells and cause negative hydraulic gradient influences as well as other negative impacts.

This application is one of 145 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of some 864,195 acre feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in the Las Vegas Valley Artesian Basin. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of the water needed for its environment and economic well-being and will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.

The granting or approving of the subject application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and a water resource plan for the general Las' Vegas Valley area such as has been required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water, is detrimental to the public welfare and interest.

The granting or approving of the subject application in the absence of comprehensive water resource development planning, including but not limited to, environmental impacts, socioeconomic impacts, and long term impacts on the water resource, threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest.

The granting or approval of the above-referenced Application would conflict with or tend to impair existing rights in the Snake Valley because if granted it would exceed the safe yield of the subject valley and unreasonably lower the static water level and sanction water mining.

The approval of the subject application will sanction and enhance the willful waste of water allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.

The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the subject application filed pursuant to NRS 533.365.

Inasmuch as a water extraction and transbasin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further information and study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they may develop as a result of further information and study.

IN THE OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020 FILED BY LAS VEGAS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT ON OCTOBER 17, 1989, TO APPROPRIATE THE WATERS OF UNDERGROUND

PROTEST

Comes now Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service, whose post office address is 301 S. Howes Street, Room 353, Fort Collins, Colorado, 80521, whose occupation is Chief, Water Rights Branch, Water Resources Division, National Park Service, and protests the granting of Application Number 54020, filed on October 17, 1989, by Las Vegas Valley Water District to appropriate the water of Underground Basin 184, SPRING VALLEY, situated in WHITEPINE County, State of Nevada, for the following reasons and on the following grounds, to wit:

See Exhibits A through B attached.

THEREFORE the protestant requests that the application be denied (See Exhibit C, attached).

Signed Owen R. Williams Printed or typed name, if agent Address 301 South Howes St., Room 353 Street No. or P.O. Box No. Fort Collins, CO 80521 City, State and Zip Code No. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5 th day of July, 1990.
Agent or protestant Owen R. Williams Printed or typed name, if agent Address 301 South Howes St., Room 353 Street No. or P.O. Box No. Fort Collins, CO 80521 City, State and Zip Code No.
Printed or typed name, if agent Address 301 South Howes St Room 353 Street No. or P.O. Box No. Fort Collins, CO 80521 City, State and Zip Code No.
Street No. or P.O. Box No. Fort Collins, CO 80521 City, State and Zip Code No.
City, State and Zip Code No.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5 th day of July, 1990.
Notary Public
State of <u>Colorado</u> 30 'H - Q b 3:14 County of <u>Larimer</u>

My Commission expires $\frac{3/10/9}{}$.

CN

EXHIBIT A

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, * National Park Service

I. The mission of the National Park Service (NPS) may be paraphrased from 16 U.S.C. I as conserving the scenery, natural and historic objects, and wildlife, and providing for enjoyment of the same in such a manner and by such means as will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations. Great Basin National Park (Great Basin NP) was created by Congressional Act in 1986, "...to preserve for the benefit and inspiration of the people a representative segment of the Great Basin of the Western United States possessing outstanding resources and significant geologic and scenic values...".

Water resources at Great Basin NP include lakes, streams, springs, seeps, and ground water. Associated with these are various water-related resource attributes. Two examples are described. (1) Pine and Ridge Creeks which headwater within Great Basin NP and flow into Spring Valley, provide habitat for the Bonneville Cutthroat trout (Oncorhynthus clarki Utah). This fish species is considered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as a candidate species for threatened status under the Endangered Species Act, and is listed by the Nevada Department of Wildlife as a state sensitive species. (2) In addition to Lehman Caves, discussed in more detail in II. below, there are approximately 30 known caves within Great Basin NP. There may well be cave systems within Great Basin NP which have not yet been discovered. Ground water is important in maintaining cave features and is thought to play an important role in cave ecology.

The public interest will not be served if water and water-related resources in the nationally important Great Basin NP are diminished or impaired as a result of the appropriation proposed by this application.

II. In the legislation establishing Great Basin NP, Congress explicitly excluded the establishment of any new Federal reserved water right, but stated that the United States was entitled to reserved rights associated with the initial establishment and withdrawal of Humboldt National Forest and Lehman Caves National Monument. The priority dates for these reserved rights are the dates of initial establishment of national forest lands and Lehman Caves National Monument, and are senior to the appropriation sought by this application. These reserved rights have not been judicially quantified.

134

Ground water plays an important role in maintaining the features of Lehman Caves. The caves contain living limestone formations, such as stalactites, stalagmites, plate-like shields, cave coral, rimstone dams,

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

curling helictites, flowstone, and draperies. However, little is known about the ecology of the caves and the role played by water.

If the diversion proposed by this application causes ground-water levels in the vicinity of Lehman Caves to drop and/or alters the direction of ground-water movement, ground-water flow in Lehman Caves will be reduced or eliminated. The senior NPS reserved water rights, water resources, and water-related resource attributes will thus be impaired.

III. The NPS holds a water right to Cave Springs (proof 01065), with a priority date of 1890, which was decreed October 1, 1934. By Application Number 20794, Certificate Record No. 7573, the point of diversion, manner and place of use were changed. The point of diversion is within the SWI/4 NEI/4 Sec. 9, T13N R69E, MDBM. This right provides water for the current visitor center, picnic area, maintenance area, trailer dump station, and park housing; and for the watering of lawns and a historic orchard.

If the diversion proposed by this application causes ground-water levels in the vicinity of Cave springs to drop and/or alters the direction of ground-water movement, ground-water flow to Cave Springs will be reduced or eliminated. The senior NPS water right for Cave Springs will thus be impaired.

IV. Located near the town of Baker, in the EI/2 NW1/4 Sec. 9 T13N R70E, MDBM, is an administrative site on public domain land which was withdrawn from entry for use by the United States Forest Service (USFS). The NPS currently uses the site as a ranger station, office and residence, with water supplied by a well developed when the USFS occupied the site.

This site is under consideration for development by the NPS in the General Management Plan for Great Basin NP, a draft of which is scheduled for release in January 1991. The site would likely include administrative offices, a park maintenance facility, and residences for park staff including up to 6 single-family dwellings and an apartment unit housing 30 people. Adequate facilities of this kind are vital to the protection and management of the nationally important Great Basin NP for the benefit and inspiration of the people.

By virtue of the primary USFS withdrawal still in effect for this site, the United States has Federal reserved water rights for the purposes of the withdrawal, which include use as a ranger station with supporting

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

facilities. The priority dates for the reserved rights are the dates upon which land was withdrawn for use by the USFS. These reserved rights have not been judicially quantified.

The United States also holds a portion of proof 01066, assigned on June 29, 1945. Proof 01066 is a water right decreed on October 1, 1934. The United States entitlement to this right is 0.38 cubic feet per second in summer and 0.13 cubic feet per second in winter.

If the water supply for this administrative site is diminished or impaired as a result of the appropriation proposed by this application, the public interest will not be served and the United States senior Federal reserved and decreed water rights will be impaired.

V. As mentioned in item IV. above, the NPS is preparing a General Management Plan for Great Basin NP, scheduled for release in January 1991. The plan contemplates the construction of a visitor center in Great Basin NP, to be located between Baker and Lehman Creeks, within T14N R69E, MDBM. It is anticipated that the water supply for the new visitor center will be from a well. As the Baker and Lehman Creek stream system is not presently within a designated ground-water basin and the plan has not yet been finalized, the NPS has not applied for a water right permit.

If this application and Las Vegas Valley Water District's (LVVWD) other applications within Snake Valley and Spring Valley Basins are approved, there will be no water available for future appropriations. The new facilities planned for Great Basin NP are for the benefit and inspiration of the people. In addition, the park attracts tourists to the area and is important to the local economy. Thus, it would not be in the public interest to approve this and other applications within Snake Valley and Spring Valley Basins.

VI. The diversion proposed by this application is located in the carbonate-rock province of Nevada. The carbonate-rock province is typified by complex interbasin regional flow systems that include both basin-fill and carbonate-rock aquifers (Harrill, et al., 1988, Sheet 1). Ground water flows along complex pathways through basin-fill aquifers, carbonate-rock aquifers, or both, from one basin to another. Ground-water flow system boundaries, and thus interbasin ground-water flows, are poorly defined for most of the carbonate-rock province (Harrill, et al., 1988, Sheet 1).

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

The proposed diversion is located in Snake Valley or Spring Valley. Great Basin NP encompasses part of the Snake Range which separates the two valleys. Lehman Caves and the administrative site near Baker, Nevada, are along the eastern flank of the range. Part of the range is composed of carbonate rocks which have been strongly deformed by folding and repetitive faulting. Some water is transmitted through pore space in the carbonate rock. However, connected solution cavities and fractures in the carbonate rock provide conduits for more rapid transmission of ground water.

The basin-fill and carbonate-rock aquifers in Snake, Hamlin, and Spring Valleys are part of a regional ground-water flow system which discharges in the Great Salt Lake Desert (Hood and Rush, 1965; Dettinger, 1989; and Harrill, et al., 1988, Sheet 2). A regional ground-water potential map prepared by Harrill, et al. (1988, Figure 5, Sheet 1), indicates general regional ground-water movement from Spring Valley to Snake Valley.

Rush and Kazmi (1965) estimated that about 4,000 acre-feet of ground water per year flows from Spring Valley to Hamlin Valley through the carbonate rocks in the Snake Range separating these two valleys. Ground water beneath Hamlin Valley is discharged into aquifers beneath Snake Valley (Hood and Rush, 1965, Plate 1; Harrill, et al., 1988, Sheet 2). The quantity of discharge is only a rough estimate, and may be much larger or smaller. Where carbonate rocks separate Spring Valley and Snake Valley, other potential areas for the movement of ground water between Spring and Snake Valleys occur.

Available scientific literature is not adequate to reasonably assure that the ground-water appropriation proposed by this application will not impact water resources and water-related resources of Great Basin NP and the United States senior water rights. Scientific literature does indicate, however, that the aquifers beneath Hamlin, Snake, and Spring Valleys are hydraulically connected. Large diversions, such as that proposed by this application, may impact the water resources of Great Basin NP and the United States water rights in Snake and Spring valleys.

- VII. Besides this application, the LVVWD has submitted 18 additional applications to appropriate ground water in Basin 184, SPRING VALLEY (Exhibit 8).
 - A. Diversions proposed by these applications would be about 91282 acre-feet per year.

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

- B. As of December 1988, committed diversions of 35800 acre-feet per year and an estimated perennial yield of 100000 acre-feet per year were reported for Basin 184, SPRING VALLEY (Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, 1988).
- C. The sum of the committed diversions and the diversions proposed by the LVVWD applications in this basin exceeds the estimated recharge of 75000 acre-feet per year (Harrill, et al., 1988, Sheet 2; Eakin et al., 1976) by 52082 acre-feet per year and the estimated perennial yield by 27082 acre-feet per year.

An overdraft of ground-water resources is expected to occur. The overdraft will cause ground-water levels to decline, alter the direction of ground-water flow, dry up playas, reduce or eliminate spring and stream flows, and cause land subsidence and fissuring. The cumulative effects of these diversions in this basin are expected to cause impacts at Great Basin NP and at the administrative site near Baker, Nevada, to occur more quickly and/or to a greater degree than diversions under this application alone. The diversions proposed by LVVWD in this basin exceed the water available for appropriation. The impacts described above are not in the public interest.

- VIII. It should be noted also, that the LVVWD has submitted 28 applications which propose the appropriation of 196 cubic feet per second (141994 acre-feet per year) of ground water from the aquifers beneath Snake Valley and Spring Valley Basins (Exhibit B). The diversions proposed by LVVWD in these basins exceed the water available for appropriation. The cumulative effects of these diversions is expected to cause the impacts described in VII. above, to appear more quickly and/or to a greater degree than diversions within the subject ground-water basin, or under this application alone. This conclusion is supported by the following.
 - A. Harrill, et al. (1988, sheet 2) show an estimated ground-water recharge of 177000 acre-feet per year for the Spring Valley, Hamlin Valley, and Snake Valley Basins. This estimate includes ground-water recharge for Basin 194, Pleasant Valley. Eakin, et al. (1976, Table 8) show an estimated ground-water recharge of 129000 acre-feet per year for these basins.
 - B. As of December 1988, the latest available estimate of committed diversions for the basins was 41535 acre-feet per year (Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, 1988).

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

- C. The sum of the committed diversions and the diversion rate proposed by the applications in these basins--183529 acre-feet per year-exceeds the estimated recharge rate shown by Harrill, et al., (1988, Sheet 2) by 6529 acre-feet per year, and the estimated recharge rate shown by Eakin, et al., (1976, Table 8) by 54529 acre-feet per year.
- IX. In this application, the point(s) of discharge for return flow (treated effluent) has or have not been specified. However, the possibility exists that the return flow may be discharged into a hydrologic basin other than the basin of origin. This being the case, depletions to ground-water basins tributary to aquifers beneath Snake and Spring valleys, and hence impacts to Great Basin NP (including Lehman Caves) and the water supply for the administrative site, will occur more quickly and/or in greater magnitude if return flow (or treated effluent) is not discharged in the basin of origin.
- X. According to NRS 533.060, "Rights to the use of water shall be limited and restricted to so much thereof as may be necessary, when reasonably and economically used for irrigation and other beneficial purposes..." Further, NRS 533.070 states that "The quantity of water from either a surface or underground source which may hereafter be appropriated in this state shall be limited to such water as shall reasonably be required for the beneficial use to be served." Implicit in these statements is a prohibition against waste and unreasonable use of water. It is unclear whether the quantity of water contemplated by this application, individually and in combination with applications 53947 through 54036, 54038 through 54066, 54068 through 54076, 54105, and 54106 by the LVVWD, is necessary and is an amount reasonably required for municipal and domestic purposes. Past open and notorious practices would indicate otherwise.
- XI. The application does not clearly indicate the place of use, the description of proposed works, estimated cost of works, number and type of units to be served, or annual consumptive use. Nor, as described in X. above, is it clear that the appropriation sought is necessary and is in an amount reasonably required for the beneficial use to be served. Therefore, the application is defective and should be summarily rejected by the State Engineer.
 - XII. In sum, the NPS protests the granting of Application Number 54020, submitted by the LVVWD to appropriate and divert ground water, on the following grounds.

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

- A. The public interest will not be served if water and water-related resources in the nationally important Great Basin NP are diminished or impaired as a result of the appropriation proposed by this application.
- B. If the diversion proposed by this application causes ground-water levels in the vicinity of Lehman Caves to drop and/or alters the direction of ground-water movement, ground-water flow in Lehman Caves will be reduced or eliminated. The senior NPS reserved water rights will thus be impaired.
 - C. If the diversion proposed by this application causes ground-water levels in the vicinity of Cave springs to drop and/or alters the direction of ground-water movement, ground-water flow to Cave Springs will be reduced or eliminated. The senior NPS water rights for Cave Springs will thus be impaired.
- D. If the water supply for the administrative site near Baker, Nevada, is diminished or impaired as a result of the appropriation proposed by this application, the public interest will not be served and the United States senior Federal reserved and decreed water rights will be impaired.
- E. If this application and LVVWD's other applications within Snake Valley and Spring Valley Basins are approved, there may be no water available for future appropriations. Facilities at Great Basin NP for the benefit and inspiration of the people will not be possible without a dependable water supply. It is not in the public interest to approve this and other applications within Snake Valley and Spring Valley Basins.
- F. Available scientific literature is not adequate to reasonably assure that the ground-water diversion proposed by this application will not impact the senior water rights of the United States at Great Basin NP and the administrative site near Baker, Nevada. The State Engineer will, therefore, be unable to make a determination that injury will not be manifest upon other water users, including the NPS.
- G. The cumulative effects of the diversion proposed by this application and other applications within this basin (Exhibit B) will impair the senior water rights of the United States more quickly and/or to a greater degree than diversions under this

STATE OF EXHIBIT At (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior,

National Park Service

application alone. The diversions proposed by LVVWD in this basin exceed the water available for appropriation. These impacts are not in the public interest.

- H. The cumulative effects of the diversion proposed by this application and other applications in Basins 184 and 196 will impair the senior water rights of the United States more quickly and/or to a greater degree than diversions within the subject ground-water basin, or under this application alone. The diversions proposed by LVVWD in these basins exceed the water available for appropriation.
- I. Depletions to ground-water basins tributary to aquifers beneath Snake and Spring valleys, and hence impacts to Great Basin NP (including Lehman Caves) and the water supply for the administrative site, will occur more quickly and/or in greater magnitude if return flow (or treated effluent) is not discharged in the basin of origin.
 - J. It is unclear whether the quantity of water claimed by this application, individually and in combination with applications 53947 through 54036, 54038 through 54066, 54068 through 54076, 54105, and 54106, is necessary and is an amount reasonably required for municipal and domestic purposes.
 - K. The application does not clearly indicate the place of use, the description of proposed works, estimated cost of works, number and type of units to be served or annual consumptive use. Nor is it clear that the appropriation sought is necessary and is in an amount reasonably required for the beneficial use to be served. Therefore the application is defective and should be summarily rejected by the State Engineer.
 - XIII. The NPS reserves the right to amend this exhibit as more information becomes available.

EXHIBIT B

Protest by Owen R. Williams on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

The following applications were submitted by the Las Vegas Valley Water District for appropriations in Basins 184 and 195 (Nevada Division of Water Resources, 1990).

Appli- cation Basin no. no. Basin	n Name	Proposed diversion rate, ft ³ /s			
54003 184 SPRING 54004 184 SPRING 54005 184 SPRING 54006 184 SPRING 54007 184 SPRING 54009 184 SPRING 54010 184 SPRING 54011 184 SPRING 54012 184 SPRING 54012 184 SPRING 54013 184 SPRING 54014 184 SPRING 54015 184 SPRING 54016 184 SPRING 54017 184 SPRING 54017 184 SPRING 54019 184 SPRING 54019 184 SPRING 54020 184 SPRING 54021 185 SNAKE 54023 195 SNAKE 54024 195 SNAKE 54026 195 SNAKE 54027 195 SNAKE 54028 195 SNAKE 54029 195 SNAKE	G VALLEY	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			
54030 195 SNAKE	VALLEY Total	6 196			

EXHIBIT C

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of Interior, National Park Service

The National Park Service (NPS) requests that the application be denied. Further, none of the information which follows should be construed to indicate that the NPS asks for anything less than denial of the application.

If the application is approved, the NPS requests the following.

I. The NPS does not wish to impede any legitimate ground-water development in the State of Nevada, which will not impair the senior water rights, water resources and water-related resource attributes of Great Basin National Park (Great Basin NP) and the administrative site near Baker, Nevada. However, reports by Hood and Rush (1965), Rush and Kazmi (1965), Harrill, et al. (1988, Sheet 1), and Dettinger (1989) indicate that Basins 184, 185, 195, and 196 are hydraulically connected. Therefore, the NPS requests that the State Engineer establish the above-listed ground-water basins as one designated ground-water basin.

The designation would assist in protecting the interests of the NPS, the Las Vegas Valley Water District (LVVWD), the people of the United States, and the people of the State of Nevada. If this request is denied, the NPS requests that the State Engineer establish the above-mentioned basins as separate designated ground-water basins.

- II. The NPS further requests that, if the application is approved, the permit be conditioned by the following.
 - A. The LVVWD shall conduct a scientific ground-water investigation of basin-fill, volcanic, and carbonate-rock aquifers to determine the hydrologic relationship between Basin 184, SPRING VALLEY, and the water resources of Great Basin NP and the administrative site near Baker, Nevada.
 - B. The LVVWD shall establish and operate a long-term monitoring program designed to detect any potential impacts to water resources of Great Basin NP and the administrative site near Baker, Nevada, directly or indirectly incident to the appropriation described by the application.
 - C. The LVVWD plans for monitoring and investigating ground-water resources shall be subject to the approval of the NPS and the State Engineer and shall include quality assurance protocol acceptable to the above-mentioned parties.

EXHIBIT C (Continued)

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service

- D. The LVVWD shall quarterly, or at another mutually acceptable frequency, provide all data collected and analyses completed to the NPS and the State Engineer.
 - E. The LVVWD shall cease pumping ground water, or reduce the level of pumping to the no impact level, in the event that analyses by the NPS or the State Engineer create a reasonable expectation that the senior water rights of the United States at Great Basin NP and/or the administrative site near Baker, Nevada, will be impaired by pumping permitted under this application.
- III. The NPS reserves the right to amend this exhibit as more information becomes available.

REFERENCES CITED

Protest by Owen R. Williams, on behalf of the United States Department of Interior, National Park Service

Dettinger, M.D., 1989. Distribution of carbonate-rock aquifers in southern Nevada and the potential for their development, Summary of Findings, 1985-88: Program for the Study and Testing of Carbonate-Rock Aquifers in Eastern and Southern Nevada Summary Report No. 1, 37 p.

Eakin, T.E., Price, D., and Harrill, J.R., 1976. Summary of the Nation's Ground-water Resources-Great Basin Region. U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 813-G, pp. G1-G37.

Harrill, J.R., Gates, J.S., and Thomas, J.M., 1988. Major ground-water flow systems in the Great Basin region of Nevada, Utah, and adjacent states: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-694-C, 2 sheets.

Hood, J.W., and Rush, F.E., 1965. Water-resources appraisal of the Snake Valley area, Utah and Nevada: Utah State Engineer Technical Publication 14, 43 p.

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, 1988. Hydrographic Basin Statistical Summary, Ground Water Basins 001-232: unpublished report, Division of Water Resources and Water Planning, Carson City, Nevada.

Nevada Division of Water Resources, 1990. Abstract of Filings of Las Vegas Valley Water District, dated May 9, 1990.

Rush, F.E., and Kazmi, S.A.T., 1965. Water resources appraisal of Spring Valley, White Pine, and Lincoln Counties, Nevada: Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources Water Resources Reconnaissance Series Report 33, 36 p.

20 11 -8 93:14

IN THE OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION NUMBER 54020					
Fueb by Las Vegas Valley Water Dis	Exict PROTEST RECEIVE				
ON October 17. 1989, TO APPROPRIATE	(
WATERS OF 184-2R, SPRING VAL. WP NV	JUL 0 5 1990				
WATER-07	Div. of War				
	Todas [4]				
Comes now The Unincorporated Town of Pahrump Printed or typed name of protestant					
whose post office address is P.O. Box 3140, Pahrump, Nevada, 89041 Street No. or P.O. Box, City, State and Zip Code					
whomenesspationize holds the trust for the people of Pahrump, and protests the granting					
of Application Number 54020 , filed	on October 17. , 19.89				
by Las Vegas Valley Water Distr	ictto appropriate the				
waters of BASIN MC. 184-2A. SPRING	VALUEY situated in HHTE PINE				
County, State of Nevada, for the following reason:					
(SEE ADDE					
· ·					
<u> </u>					
THEREFORE the protestant requests that the ap	plication be DENIED				
and that an order be entered for such relief as the	(Denied, issued subject to prior rights, etc., as the case may be)				
and that an order of entered for such rener as the	State Engineer deems just and proper,				
Sig	ned Naun Cleren				
<u> </u>	arvin Veneman, Town Board Chairman				
Ad	Printed or typed name, if agent dress P.O. Box 3140				
	Street No. or P.O. Box No. Pahrump, Nevada 89041				
•	City, State and Zip Code No.				
	\cap				
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29	day of 19.50.				
	Day Son Porcelle of				
	Notary Public				
Sta	Notery Public-State Of Nevada				
Co	Unity of COUNTY OF NYE HIS M ROWLAND My Commission Expres				
	April 23, 1984				

> \$10 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROTEST. PROTEST MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE.
ALL COPIES MUST CONTAIN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE.

Y

"ADDENDUM"

THE UNINCORPORATED TOWN OF PAHRUMP PROTEST THE AFOREMENTIONED APPLICATION FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS AND ON THE FOLLOWING GROUNDS. TO WIT:

- l. This Application is one of 146 applications filed by the Las Vegas Valley Water District seeking a combined appropriation of some 864,195 acre feet of ground and surface water primarily for municipal use in Clark County. Diversion and export of such a quantity of water will deprive the area of origin of the water needed to protect and enhance its environment and economic well being, and the diversion will unnecessarily destroy environmental, ecological, scenic and recreational values that the State holds in trust for all its citizens.
- 2. The granting or approving of the subject Application in the absence of comprehensive planning, including but not limited to environmental impact considerations, cost considerations, socioeconomic impact considerations, and a water resource plan (such as is required by the Public Service Commission of private purveyors of water) for the Las Vegas Valley Water District Service area is detrimental to the public welfare in interest.
- 3. The approval of the subject application will sanction and encourage the willful waste of water that has been allowed, if not encouraged, by the Las Vegas Valley Water District.
- 4. The subject Application seeks to develop and transport water resources on and across lands of the United States under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management. This Application should be denied because the Las Vegas Valley Water District has not obtained the necessary legal interest (e.g., right-of-way) in the federal land such that the applicant may extract, develop and transport water resources from the proposed point of diversion to the proposed place of use.
- 5. The Application should be denied because it individually and comulatively with other applications of the water importation project will perpetuate and may increase the inefficient use of water in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area and frustrate efforts at water demand management in the Las Vegas Valley Water District service area.
- 6. The Las Vegas Valley Water District lacks the financial capability for developing and transporting water under the subject permit which is a prerequisite to putting the water to beneficial use.
- 7. The above-referenced Application should be denied because it fails to include the statutory required:
 - (a) Description of the place of use;
 - (b) Description of the proposed works;
 - (c) The estimated costs of such works; and
 - (d) The estimated time required to put the subject water to beneficial use.
- 8. The Application cannot be granted because the applicant has failed to provide information to enable the State Engineet to safeguard the public interest properly. The adverse effects of this Application and related applications associated with the proposed water appropriation and transportation project (largest appropriation of ground water in the history of the State of Nevada) cannot properly be evaluated without an in-

dependent, formal and publicly-reviewable assessment of:

- (a) cumulative impacts of the proposed extraction;
- (b) mitigation measures that will reduct the impacts of the proposed extraction;
- (b) alternatives to the proposed extraction, including but not limited to, the alternatives of no extraction and aggressive implementation of all proven and cost-effective water demand management strategies.
- 9. The subject Application should be denied because the population projections upon which the water demand projections are based are unrealistic and ignore numerous constraints to infrastructure and services, degraded air quality, atc.
- 10. The granting of approval of the above-referenced Application would be detrimental to the public interest and not made in good faith since it would allow the Las Vegas Valley Water District to lock up vital water resources for possible use sometime in the distant future beyond current planning horizons.
- 11. The subject Application should be denied because current and developing trends in housing, landscaping, national plumbing fixture standards and demographic patterns all suggest that the simplistic water demand forecasts upon which the proposed transfers are based substantially overstate future water demand needs.
- 12. Insemuch as a water extraction and transbasin conveyance project of this magnitude has never been considered by the State Engineer, it is therefore impossible to anticipate all potential adverse affects without further information and study. Accordingly, the protestant reserves the right to amend the subject protest to include such issues as they may develop as a result of further information and study.
- 13. We, the Town of Pahrump know first hand the economic hardship caused by over appropriation of water. Currently the growth of the Pahrump Valley is threatened because of technical over allocation of water. If the Las Vegas Valley Water District is allowed to obtain all remaining available water rights in the various water basins as they have requested, then all these areas will be growth stunted at their current levels. We protest the acquisitions that the Las Vegas Valley Water District has requested. The current request would destroy the economic and growth potential of each basin affected.
- 14. The undersigned additionally incorporates by reference as though fully set forth herein and adopts as its own, each and every other protest to the subject Application filed pursuant to NSR 533.365.